Network Working Group Request for Comments: 1514 P. Grillo Network Innovations Intel Corporation S. Waldbusser Carnegie Mellon University September 1993

Host Resources MIB

Status of this Memo

This RFC specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

## Abstract

This memo defines a MIB for use with managing host systems. The term "host" is construed to mean any computer that communicates with other similar computers attached to the internet and that is directly used by one or more human beings. Although this MIB does not necessarily apply to devices whose primary function is communications services (e.g., terminal servers, routers, bridges, monitoring equipment), such relevance is not explicitly precluded. This MIB instruments attributes common to all internet hosts including, for example, both personal computers and systems that run variants of Unix.

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## 1. The Network Management Framework

The Internet-standard Network Management Framework consists of three components. They are:

STD 16, RFC 1155 [1] which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management. STD 16, RFC 1212 [2] defines a more concise description mechanism, which is wholly consistent with the SMI.

STD 17, RFC 1213 [3] which defines MIB-II, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols.

STD 15, RFC 1157 [4] which defines the SNMP, the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Within a given MIB module, objects are defined using STD 16, RFC 1212's OBJECT-TYPE macro. At a minimum, each object has a name, a syntax, an access-level, and an implementation-status.

The name is an object identifier, an administratively assigned name, which specifies an object type. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the object descriptor, to also refer to the object type.

The syntax of an object type defines the abstract data structure corresponding to that object type. The ASN.1[5] language is used for this purpose. However, RFC 1155 purposely restricts the ASN.1 constructs which may be used. These restrictions are explicitly made for simplicity.

The access-level of an object type defines whether it makes "protocol sense" to read and/or write the value of an instance of the object type. (This access-level is independent of any administrative authorization policy.)

The implementation-status of an object type indicates whether the object is mandatory, optional, obsolete, or deprecated.

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2. Host Resources MIB

The Host Resources MIB defines a uniform set of objects useful for the management of host computers. Host computers are independent of the operating system, network services, or any software application.

The Host Resources MIB defines objects which are common across many computer system architectures.

In addition, there are objects in MIB-II [3] which also provide host management functionality. Implementation of the System and Interfaces groups is mandatory for implementors of the Host Resources MIB.

3. Definitions

HOST-RESOURCES-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

OBJECT-TYPE	FROM RFC-1212
DisplayString	FROM RFC1213-MIB
TimeTicks,	
Counter, Gauge	FROM RFC1155-SMI;

host OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 25 }

hrSystem	OBJECT	IDENTIFIER	::= {	[ host 1 }
hrStorage	OBJECT	IDENTIFIER	::= {	[ host 2 }
hrDevice	OBJECT	IDENTIFIER	::= {	[ host 3 }
hrSWRun	OBJECT	IDENTIFIER	::= {	[ host 4 }
hrSWRunPerf	OBJECT	IDENTIFIER	::= {	[ host 5 }
hrSWInstalled	OBJECT	IDENTIFIER	::= {	[ host 6 }

-- textual conventions

-- a truth value Boolean ::= INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }

-- memory size, expressed in units of 1024bytes KBytes ::= INTEGER (0..2147483647)

-- This textual convention is intended to identify the manufacturer, -- model, and version of a specific hardware or software product. -- It is suggested that these OBJECT IDENTIFIERs are allocated such -- that all products from a particular manufacturer are registered -- under a subtree distinct to that manufacturer. In addition, all

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-- versions of a product should be registered under a subtree -- distinct to that product. With this strategy, a management -- station may uniquely determine the manufacturer and/or model of a -- product whose productID is unknown to the management station. -- Objects of this type may be useful for inventory purposes or for -- automatically detecting incompatibilities or version mismatches -- between various hardware and software components on a system. ProductID ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER -- unknownProduct will be used for any unknown ProductID -- unknownProduct OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 } -- For example, the product ID for the ACME 4860 66MHz clock doubled -- processor might be: -- enterprises.acme.acmeProcessors.a4860DX2.MHz66 -- A software product might be registered as:

-- enterprises.acme.acmeOperatingSystems.acmeDOS.six(6).one(1)

DateAndTime ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (8 | 11)) A date-time specification for the local time of day. --This data type is intended to provide a consistent \_ \_ method of reporting date information. \_ \_ \_ \_ field octets contents \_ \_ range 1-2 year \_ \_ 1 0..65536 \_ \_ year (in network byte order) --3 1..12 2 month \_\_\_ 3 4 day 1..31 \_ \_ 5 4 hour 0..23 \_ \_ 6 minutes 0..59 5 \_ \_ б \_ \_ 7 seconds 0..60 (use 60 for leap-second) \_ \_ 7 8 deci-seconds 0..9 \_ \_ "+" / "-" \_ \_ 8 9 direction from UTC (in ascii notation) \_ \_ 9 10 hours from UTC 0..11 \_ \_ 11 10 minutes from UTC 0..59 \_ \_ \_ \_ Note that if only local time is known, then \_\_\_ timezone information (fields 8-10) is not present. \_ \_

InternationalDisplayString ::= OCTET STRING

-- This data type is used to model textual information in some

-- character set. A network management station should use a local

-- algorithm to determine which character set is in use and how it

-- should be displayed. Note that this character set may be encoded

-- with more than one octet per symbol, but will most often be NVT

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-- ASCII. -- The Host Resources System Group \_ \_ -- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all host systems. hrSystemUptime OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The amount of time since this host was last initialized. Note that this is different from sysUpTime in MIB-II [3] because sysUpTime is the uptime of the network management portion of the system." ::= { hrSystem 1 } hrSystemDate OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX DateAndTime ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The host's notion of the local date and time of day." ::= { hrSystem 2 } hrSystemInitialLoadDevice OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647) ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The index of the hrDeviceEntry for the device from which this host is configured to load its initial operating system configuration." ::= { hrSystem 3 } hrSystemInitialLoadParameters OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..128)) ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "This object contains the parameters (e.g. a pathname and parameter) supplied to the load device when requesting the initial operating system configuration from that device." ::= { hrSystem 4 }

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hrSystemNumUsers OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The number of user sessions for which this host is storing state information. A session is a collection of processes requiring a single act of user authentication and possibly subject to collective job control." ::= { hrSystem 5 } hrSystemProcesses OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The number of process contexts currently loaded or running on this system." ::= { hrSystem 6 } hrSystemMaxProcesses OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The maximum number of process contexts this system can support. If there is no fixed maximum, the value should be zero. On systems that have a fixed maximum, this object can help diagnose failures that occur when this maximum is reached." ::= { hrSystem 7 } -- The Host Resources Storage Group \_ \_ -- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all host systems. -- Registration for some storage types, for use with hrStorageType hrStorageTypes OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorage 1 } hrStorageOtherOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 1 }hrStorageRamOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 2 } -- hrStorageVirtualMemory is temporary storage of swapped -- or paged memory hrStorageVirtualMemory OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 3 } hrStorageFixedDisk OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 4 } hrStorageRemovableDisk OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 5 } hrStorageFloppyDisk OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 6 }

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hrStorageCompactDiscOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 7 }hrStorageRamDiskOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrStorageTypes 8 } hrMemorySize OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX KBytes ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The amount of physical main memory contained by the host." ::= { hrStorage 2 } hrStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrStorageEntry ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The (conceptual) table of logical storage areas on the host. An entry shall be placed in the storage table for each logical area of storage that is allocated and has fixed resource limits. The amount of storage represented in an entity is the amount actually usable by the requesting entity, and excludes loss due to formatting or file system reference information. These entries are associated with logical storage areas, as might be seen by an application, rather than physical storage entities which are typically seen by an operating system. Storage such as tapes and floppies without file systems on them are typically not allocated in chunks by the operating system to requesting applications, and therefore shouldn't appear in this table. Examples of valid storage for this table include disk partitions, file systems, ram (for some architectures this is further segmented into regular memory, extended memory, and so on), backing store for virtual memory ('swap space'). This table is intended to be a useful diagnostic for 'out of memory' and 'out of buffers' types of failures. In addition, it can be a useful performance monitoring tool for tracking memory, disk, or buffer usage."

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```
::= { hrStorage 3 }
hrStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrStorageEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one logical storage area
           on the host. As an example, an instance of the
           hrStorageType object might be named
          hrStorageType.3"
    INDEX { hrStorageIndex }
    ::= { hrStorageTable 1 }
HrStorageEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrStorageIndex
                                    INTEGER,
       hrStorageType
                                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
       hrStorageDescr
                                  DisplayString,
       hrStorageAllocationUnits INTEGER,
       hrStorageSize
                                   INTEGER,
       hrStorageUsed
                                    INTEGER,
       hrStorageAllocationFailures Counter
    }
hrStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each logical storage area
           contained by the host."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 1 }
hrStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
   ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
          "The type of storage represented by this entry."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 2 }
hrStorageDescr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString
   ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "A description of the type and instance of the
           storage described by this entry."
```

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```
::= { hrStorageEntry 3 }
hrStorageAllocationUnits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
              read-only
    ACCESS
   STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The size, in bytes, of the data objects allocated
            from this pool. If this entry is monitoring
            sectors, blocks, buffers, or packets, for example,
            this number will commonly be greater than one.
            Otherwise this number will typically be one."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 4 }
hrStorageSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the storage represented by this entry,
           in units of hrStorageAllocationUnits."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 5 }
hrStorageUsed OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The amount of the storage represented by this
           entry that is allocated, in units of
           hrStorageAllocationUnits."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 6 }
hrStorageAllocationFailures OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of requests for storage represented by
           this entry that could not be honored due to not
           enough storage. It should be noted that as this
           object has a SYNTAX of Counter, that it does not
           have a defined initial value. However, it is
           recommended that this object be initialized to
           zero."
    ::= { hrStorageEntry 7 }
```

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-- The Host Resources Device Group \_ \_ -- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all host systems. ---- The device group is useful for identifying and diagnosing the -- devices on a system. The hrDeviceTable contains common -- information for any type of device. In addition, some devices -- have device-specific tables for more detailed information. More -- such tables may be defined in the future for other device types. -- Registration for some device types, for use with hrDeviceType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 1 } hrDeviceTypes hrDeviceOtherOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 1hrDeviceUnknownOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 2hrDeviceProcessorOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 3hrDeviceNetworkOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 4hrDevicePrinterOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 5hrDeviceDiskStorageOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 6hrDeviceVideoOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 10hrDeviceAudioOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 12hrDeviceKeyboardOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 13hrDeviceParallelPortOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 14hrDevicePointingOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 15hrDeviceSerialPortOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 16hrDeviceClockOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 17hrDeviceVolatileMemoryOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 18hrDeviceVolatileMemoryOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 20hrDeviceVolatileMemoryOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {hrDeviceTypes 20 hrDeviceOther OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 1 } hrDeviceNonVolatileMemory OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDeviceTypes 21 } hrDeviceTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrDeviceEntry ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The (conceptual) table of devices contained by the host." ::= { hrDevice 2 }

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the host. As an example, an instance of the hrDeviceType object might be named hrDeviceType.3" INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
::= { hrDeviceTable 1 } HrDeviceEntry ::= SEQUENCE { hrDeviceIndex INTEGER, OBJECT IDENTIFIER, DisplayString, ProductID, hrDeviceType hrDeviceDescr hrDeviceID hrDeviceType INTEGER, hrDeviceStatus hrDeviceErrors Counter } hrDeviceIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "A unique value for each device contained by the host. The value for each device must remain constant at least from one re-initialization of the agent to the next re-initialization." ::= { hrDeviceEntry 1 } hrDeviceType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "An indication of the type of device. If this value is 'hrDeviceProcessor { hrDeviceTypes 3 }' then an entry exists in the hrProcessorTable which corresponds to this device. If this value is 'hrDeviceNetwork { hrDeviceTypes 4 }', then an entry exists in the hrNetworkTable which corresponds to this device. If this value is 'hrDevicePrinter { hrDeviceTypes 5 }', then an entry exists in the hrPrinterTable which corresponds to this device. If this value is `hrDeviceDiskStorage { hrDeviceTypes 6  $\}\,'\,,$  then an entry exists in the hrDiskStorageTable which corresponds to this device."

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```
::= { hrDeviceEntry 2 }
hrDeviceDescr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of this device, including
           the device's manufacturer and revision, and
           optionally, its serial number."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 3 }
hrDeviceID OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
          "The product ID for this device."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 4 }
hrDeviceStatus OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER {
          unknown(1),
          running(2),
          warning(3),
          testing(4),
          down(5)
     }
     ACCESS read-only
     STATUS mandatory
     DESCRIPTION
           "The current operational state of the device
           described by this row of the table. A value
           unknown(1) indicates that the current state of the
           device is unknown. running(2) indicates that the
           device is up and running and that no unusual error
           conditions are known. The warning(3) state
           indicates that agent has been informed of an
           unusual error condition by the operational software
           (e.g., a disk device driver) but that the device is
           still 'operational'. An example would be high
           number of soft errors on a disk. A value of
           testing(4), indicates that the device is not
           available for use because it is in the testing
           state. The state of down(5) is used only when the
           agent has been informed that the device is not
           available for any use."
     ::= { hrDeviceEntry 5 }
```

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```
hrDeviceErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of errors detected on this device. It
            should be noted that as this object has a SYNTAX
            of Counter, that it does not have a defined
            initial value. However, it is recommended that
            this object be initialized to zero."
    ::= { hrDeviceEntry 6 }
hrProcessorTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrProcessorEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of processors contained by
           the host.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           `hrDeviceProcessor'."
    ::= { hrDevice 3 }
hrProcessorEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrProcessorEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one processor contained
           by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index
           represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable that
           corresponds to the hrProcessorEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrProcessorFrwID object
           might be named hrProcessorFrwID.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrProcessorTable 1 }
HrProcessorEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       hrProcessorFrwID
                                   ProductID,
        hrProcessorLoad
                                   INTEGER
    }
hrProcessorFrwID OBJECT-TYPE
```

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```
SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The product ID of the firmware associated with the
           processor."
    ::= { hrProcessorEntry 1 }
hrProcessorLoad OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..100)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The average, over the last minute, of the
           percentage of time that this processor was not
           idle."
    ::= { hrProcessorEntry 2 }
hrNetworkTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrNetworkEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of network devices
           contained by the host.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           `hrDeviceNetwork'."
    ::= { hrDevice 4 }
hrNetworkEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrNetworkEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one network device
           contained by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in the
           index represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable
           that corresponds to the hrNetworkEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrNetworkIfIndex object
           might be named hrNetworkIfIndex.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrNetworkTable 1 }
```

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```
HrNetworkEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrNetworkIfIndex INTEGER
    }
hrNetworkIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of ifIndex which corresponds to this
           network device."
    ::= { hrNetworkEntry 1 }
hrPrinterTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrPrinterEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of printers local to the
           host.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           `hrDevicePrinter'."
    ::= { hrDevice 5 }
hrPrinterEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrPrinterEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one printer local to the
           host. The hrDeviceIndex in the index represents
           the entry in the hrDeviceTable that corresponds to
           the hrPrinterEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrPrinterStatus object
           might be named hrPrinterStatus.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrPrinterTable 1 }
HrPrinterEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrPrinterStatus
                                   INTEGER,
        hrPrinterDetectedErrorState OCTET STRING
    }
```

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```
hrPrinterStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
        other(1),
        unknown(2),
        idle(3),
        printing(4),
        warmup(5)
    }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The current status of this printer device. When
            in the idle(1), printing(2), or warmup(3) state,
            the corresponding hrDeviceStatus should be
            running(2) or warning(3). When in the unknown
            state, the corresponding hrDeviceStatus should be
            unknown(1)."
    ::= { hrPrinterEntry 1 }
hrPrinterDetectedErrorState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "This object represents any error conditions
            detected by the printer. The error conditions are
            encoded as bits in an octet string, with the
            following definitions:
                 Condition Bit #
                                           hrDeviceStatus
                                0
                 lowPaper
                                           warning(3)
                                 1
                 noPaper
                                           down(5)
                                2
                 lowToner
                                           warning(3)
                2noToner3doorOpen4jammed5offline6serviceRequested7
                                          down(5)
                                          down(5)
                                           down(5)
                                           down(5)
                 serviceRequested 7
                                            warning(3)
            If multiple conditions are currently detected and
            the hrDeviceStatus would not otherwise be
            unknown(1) or testing(4), the hrDeviceStatus shall
            correspond to the worst state of those indicated,
            where down(5) is worse than warning(3) which is
            worse than running(2).
            Bits are numbered starting with the most
```

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```
significant bit of the first byte being bit 0, the
            least significant bit of the first byte being bit
            7, the most significant bit of the second byte
            being bit 8, and so on. A one bit encodes that
            the condition was detected, while a zero bit
            encodes that the condition was not detected.
            This object is useful for alerting an operator to
            specific warning or error conditions that may
            occur, especially those requiring human
            intervention."
    ::= { hrPrinterEntry 2 }
hrDiskStorageTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrDiskStorageEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The (conceptual) table of long-term storage
           devices contained by the host. In particular, disk
           devices accessed remotely over a network are not
           included here.
           Note that this table is potentially sparse: a
           (conceptual) entry exists only if the correspondent
           value of the hrDeviceType object is
           `hrDeviceDiskStorage'."
    ::= { hrDevice 6 }
hrDiskStorageEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrDiskStorageEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one long-term storage
           device contained by the host. The hrDeviceIndex in
           the index represents the entry in the hrDeviceTable
           that corresponds to the hrDiskStorageEntry. As an
           example, an instance of the hrDiskStorageCapacity
           object might be named hrDiskStorageCapacity.3"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex }
    ::= { hrDiskStorageTable 1 }
HrDiskStorageEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrDiskStorageAccess
                                    INTEGER,
        hrDiskStorageMedia
                                   INTEGER,
        hrDiskStorageCapacity KBytes
```

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```
}
hrDiskStorageAccess OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                    readWrite(1),
                   readOnly(2)
            }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication if this long-term storage device is
           readable and writable or only readable. This
           should reflect the media type, any write-protect
           mechanism, and any device configuration that
           affects the entire device."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 1 }
hrDiskStorageMedia OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                other(1),
                unknown(2),
                hardDisk(3),
                floppyDisk(4),
                opticalDiskROM(5),
                opticalDiskWORM(6), -- Write Once Read Many
                opticalDiskRW(7),
                ramDisk(8)
            }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication of the type of media used in this
           long-term storage device."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 2 }
hrDiskStorageRemoveble OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Boolean
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "Denotes whether or not the disk media may be
            removed from the drive."
    ::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 3 }
hrDiskStorageCapacity OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX KBytes
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
```

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```
DESCRIPTION

"The total size for this long-term storage device."

::= { hrDiskStorageEntry 4 }

hrPartitionTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrPartitionEntry

ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS mandatory

DESCRIPTION

"The (conceptual) table of partitions for long-term

storage devices contained by the host. In

particular, partitions accessed remotely over a

network are not included here."
```

```
::= \{ hrDevice 7 \}
```

```
hrPartitionEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrPartitionEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A (conceptual) entry for one partition. The
           hrDeviceIndex in the index represents the entry in
           the hrDeviceTable that corresponds to the
           hrPartitionEntry.
           As an example of how objects in this table are
           named, an instance of the hrPartitionSize object
           might be named hrPartitionSize.3.1"
    INDEX { hrDeviceIndex, hrPartitionIndex }
    ::= { hrPartitionTable 1 }
HrPartitionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrPartitionIndex
                                       INTEGER,
        hrPartitionLabel
                                       InternationalDisplayString,
        hrPartitionID
hrPartitionSize
                                      OCTET STRING,
                                      KBytes,
INTEGER
        hrPartitionFSIndex
    }
hrPartitionIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each partition on this long-
           term storage device. The value for each long-term
           storage device must remain constant at least from
           one re-initialization of the agent to the next re-
```

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initialization." ::= { hrPartitionEntry 1 } hrPartitionLabel OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..128)) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "A textual description of this partition." ::= { hrPartitionEntry 2 } hrPartitionID OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "A descriptor which uniquely represents this partition to the responsible operating system. On some systems, this might take on a binary representation." ::= { hrPartitionEntry 3 } hrPartitionSize OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX KBytes ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The size of this partition." ::= { hrPartitionEntry 4 } hrPartitionFSIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The index of the file system mounted on this partition. If no file system is mounted on this partition, then this value shall be zero. Note that multiple partitions may point to one file system, denoting that that file system resides on those partitions. Multiple file systems may not reside on one partition." ::= { hrPartitionEntry 5 } -- The File System Table hrFSTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrfSEntry

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```
ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table of file systems local to
            this host or remotely mounted from a file server.
            File systems that are in only one user's
            environment on a multi-user system will not be
            included in this table."
    ::= { hrDevice 8 }
hrFSEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrFSEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A (conceptual) entry for one file system local to
            this host or remotely mounted from a file server.
            File systems that are in only one user's
            environment on a multi-user system will not be
            included in this table.
            As an example of how objects in this table are
            named, an instance of the hrFSMountPoint object
            might be named hrFSMountPoint.3"
    INDEX { hrFSIndex }
    ::= \{ hrFSTable 1 \}
-- Registration for some popular File System types,
-- for use with hrFSType.
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrDevice 9 }
hrFSTypes
hrFSUnknown
hrFSOther
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 1 }
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 2 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 3 }
hrFSBerkeleyFFS
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 4 }
hrFSSys5FS
-- DOS
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 5 }
hrFSFat
-- OS/2 High Performance File System
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 6 }
hrFSHPFS
-- Macintosh Hierarchical File System
hrFSHFS
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 7 }
-- Macintosh File System
hrFSMFS
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 8 }
-- Windows NT
hrFSNTFS
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 9 }
```

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hrFSVNode hrFSJournaled -- CD File systems OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 10 } OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 11 } hrFSiso9660 hrFSRockRidge OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 12 } OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 13 } OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 14 } hrFSNFS hrFSNetware OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 15 } -- Andrew File System OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 16 } hrFSAFS -- OSF DCE Distributed File System OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 17 } hrFSDFS InffSDFSOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 18 }hrFSRFSOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 19 } -- Data General hrFSDGCFS OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 20 } -- SVR4 Boot File System OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { hrFSTypes 21 } hrFSBFS HrFSEntry ::= SEQUENCE { INTEGER, hrFSIndex hrFSIndexINTEGER,hrFSMountPointInternationalDisplayString,hrFSRemoteMountPointInternationalDisplayString,hrFSTypeOBJECT IDENTIFIER, INTEGER, hrFSAccess Boolean, hrFSBootable hrFSBootableBoolean,hrFSStorageIndexINTEGER,hrFSLastFullBackupDateDateAndTime, hrFSLastPartialBackupDate DateAndTime } hrFSIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "A unique value for each file system local to this host. The value for each file system must remain constant at least from one re-initialization of the agent to the next re-initialization." ::= { hrFSEntry 1 } hrFSMountPoint OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128)) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory

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```
DESCRIPTION
            "The path name of the root of this file system."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 2 }
hrFSRemoteMountPoint OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A description of the name and/or address of the
            server that this file system is mounted from.
            This may also include parameters such as the mount
            point on the remote file system. If this is not a
            remote file system, this string should have a
            length of zero."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 3 }
hrFSType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of this object identifies the type of
           this file system."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 4 }
hrFSAccess OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
           readWrite(1),
           readOnly(2)
        }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication if this file system is logically
           configured by the operating system to be readable
           and writable or only readable. This does not
           represent any local access-control policy, except
           one that is applied to the file system as a whole."
    ::= { hrFSEntry 5 }
hrFSBootable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Boolean
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A flag indicating whether this file system is
           bootable."
```

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::= { hrFSEntry 6 } hrFSStorageIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The index of the hrStorageEntry that represents information about this file system. If there is no such information available, then this value shall be zero. The relevant storage entry will be useful in tracking the percent usage of this file system and diagnosing errors that may occur when it runs out of space." ::= { hrFSEntry 7 } hrFSLastFullBackupDate OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX DateAndTime ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The last date at which this complete file system was copied to another storage device for backup. This information is useful for ensuring that backups are being performed regularly. If this information is not known, then this variable shall have the value corresponding to January 1, year 0000, 00:00:00.0, which is encoded as (hex)'00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00'." ::= { hrFSEntry 8 } hrFSLastPartialBackupDate OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX DateAndTime ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The last date at which a portion of this file system was copied to another storage device for backup. This information is useful for ensuring that backups are being performed regularly. If this information is not known, then this variable shall have the value corresponding to January 1, year 0000, 00:00:00.0, which is encoded as (hex)'00 00 01 01 00 00 00 00'." ::= { hrFSEntry 9 }

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-- The Host Resources Running Software Group \_ \_ -- Implementation of this group is optional. ---- The hrSWRunTable contains an entry for each distinct piece of -- software that is running or loaded into physical or virtual -- memory in preparation for running. This includes the host's -- operating system, device drivers, and applications. hrSWOSIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647) ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The value of the hrSWRunIndex for the hrSWRunEntry that represents the primary operating system running on this host. This object is useful for quickly and uniquely identifying that primary operating system."  $::= \{ hrSWRun 1 \}$ hrSWRunTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWRunEntry ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The (conceptual) table of software running on the host."  $::= \{ hrSWRun 2 \}$ hrSWRunEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX HrSWRunEntry ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "A (conceptual) entry for one piece of software running on the host Note that because the installed software table only contains information for software stored locally on this host, not every piece of running software will be found in the installed software table. This is true of software that was loaded and run from a non-local source, such as a network-mounted file system. As an example of how objects in this table are named, an instance of the hrSWRunName object might be named hrSWRunName.1287" INDEX { hrSWRunIndex }

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```

```
::= { hrSWRunTable 1 }
HrSWRunEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrSWRunIndex INTEGER,
        hrSWRunName
                          InternationalDisplayString,
        hrSWRunID ProductID,
hrSWRunPath InternationalDisplayString,
        hrSWRunParameters InternationalDisplayString,
        hrSWRunType INTEGER,
hrSWRunStatus INTEGER
    }
hrSWRunIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A unique value for each piece of software running
           on the host. Wherever possible, this should be the
           system's native, unique identification number."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 1 }
hrSWRunName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A textual description of this running piece of
           software, including the manufacturer, revision,
           and the name by which it is commonly known. If
           this software was installed locally, this should be
           the same string as used in the corresponding
           hrSWInstalledName."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 2 }
hrSWRunID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The product ID of this running piece of software."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 3 }
hrSWRunPath OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"A description of the location on long-term storage
           (e.g. a disk drive) from which this software was
           loaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 4 }
hrSWRunParameters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE(0..128))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "A description of the parameters supplied to this
           software when it was initially loaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 5 }
hrSWRunType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                unknown(1),
                operatingSystem(2),
                deviceDriver(3),
                application(4)
           }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The type of this software."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 6 }
hrSWRunStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
            running(1),
            runnable(2), -- waiting for resource (CPU, memory, IO)
            notRunnable(3), -- loaded but waiting for event
            invalid(4) -- not loaded
        }
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this running piece of software.
           Setting this value to invalid(4) shall cause this
           software to stop running and to be unloaded."
    ::= { hrSWRunEntry 7 }
-- The Host Resources Running Software Performance Group
-- Implementation of this group is optional.
_ _
-- The hrSWRunPerfTable contains an entry corresponding to
-- each entry in the hrSWRunTable.
```

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```
hrSWRunPerfTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWRunPerfEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table of running software
            performance metrics."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerf 1 }
hrSWRunPerfEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrSWRunPerfEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A (conceptual) entry containing software
            performance metrics. As an example, an instance
            of the hrSWRunPerfCPU object might be named
            hrSWRunPerfCPU.1287"
    INDEX { hrSWRunIndex } -- This table augments information in
                             -- the hrSWRunTable.
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfTable 1 }
HrSWRunPerfEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrSWRunPerfCPU
hrSWRunPerfMem
                                INTEGER,
                             KBytes
}
hrSWRunPerfCPU OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of centi-seconds of the total system's
            CPU resources consumed by this process. Note that
            on a multi-processor system, this value may
            increment by more than one centi-second in one
            centi-second of real (wall clock) time."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfEntry 1 }
hrSWRunPerfMem OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX KBytes
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The total amount of real system memory allocated
            to this process."
    ::= { hrSWRunPerfEntry 2 }
```

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-- The Host Resources Installed Software Group \_ \_ -- Implementation of this group is optional. ---- The hrSWInstalledTable contains an entry for each piece -- of software installed in long-term storage (e.g. a disk -- drive) locally on this host. Note that this does not -- include software loadable remotely from a network -- server. \_ \_ -- This table is useful for identifying and inventorying -- software on a host and for diagnosing incompatibility -- and version mismatch problems between various pieces -- of hardware and software. hrSWInstalledLastChange OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The value of sysUpTime when an entry in the hrSWInstalledTable was last added, renamed, or deleted. Because this table is likely to contain many entries, polling of this object allows a management station to determine when re-downloading of the table might be useful." ::= { hrSWInstalled 1 } hrSWInstalledLastUpdateTime OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The value of sysUpTime when the hrSWInstalledTable was last completely updated. Because caching of this data will be a popular implementation strategy, retrieval of this object allows a management station to obtain a guarantee that no data in this table is older than the indicated time." ::= { hrSWInstalled 2 } hrSWInstalledTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF HrSWInstalledEntry ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION "The (conceptual) table of software installed on

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```
this host."
    ::= { hrSWInstalled 3 }
hrSWInstalledEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX HrSWInstalledEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A (conceptual) entry for a piece of software
            installed on this host.
            As an example of how objects in this table are
            named, an instance of the hrSWInstalledName object
            might be named hrSWInstalledName.96"
    INDEX { hrSWInstalledIndex }
    ::= { hrSWInstalledTable 1 }
HrSWInstalledEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        hrSWInstalledIndexINTEGER,hrSWInstalledNameInternationalDisplayString,hrSWInstalledIDProductID,hrSWInstalledTypeINTEGER,hrSWInstalledDateDateAndTime
}
hrSWInstalledIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value for each piece of software
            installed on the host. This value shall be in the
            range from 1 to the number of pieces of software
            installed on the host."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 1 }
hrSWInstalledName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InternationalDisplayString (SIZE (0..64))
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A textual description of this installed piece of
            software, including the manufacturer, revision, the
            name by which it is commonly known, and optionally,
            its serial number."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 2 }
hrSWInstalledID OBJECT-TYPE
```

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```
SYNTAX ProductID
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The product ID of this installed piece of
           software."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 3 }
hrSWInstalledType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                unknown(1),
                operatingSystem(2),
                deviceDriver(3),
                application(4)
           }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The type of this software."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 4 }
hrSWInstalledDate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DateAndTime
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
           "The last-modification date of this application as
           it would appear in a directory listing."
    ::= { hrSWInstalledEntry 5 }
```

END

- 5. References
  - Rose M., and K. McCloghrie, "Structure and Identification of Management Information for TCP/IP-based internets", STD 16, RFC 1155, Performance Systems International, Hughes LAN Systems, May 1990.
  - [2] Rose, M., and K. McCloghrie, Editors, "Concise MIB Definitions", STD 16, RFC 1212, Performance Systems International, Hughes LAN Systems, March 1991.
  - [3] McCloghrie K., and M. Rose, Editors, "Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets", STD 17, RFC 1213, Performance Systems International, March 1991.

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- [4] Case, J., Fedor, M., Schoffstall, M., and J. Davin, "Simple Network Management Protocol", STD 15, RFC 1157, SNMP Research, Performance Systems International, Performance Systems International, MIT Laboratory for Computer Science, May 1990.
- [5] Information processing systems Open Systems Interconnection -Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1), International Organization for Standardization. International Standard 8824, (December, 1987).
- 6. Acknowledgments

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5	Bellcore Data General

7. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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