Network Working Group Request for Comments: 3970 Category: Standards Track K. Kompella Juniper Networks January 2005

A Traffic Engineering (TE) MIB

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for Traffic Engineered (TE) Tunnels; for example, Multi-Protocol Label Switched Paths.

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1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for Traffic Engineered (TE) Tunnels; for example, Multi-Protocol Label Switched Paths ([7], [8]). The MIB module defined by this memo allows one to configure TE Tunnels, to assign one or more paths to a Tunnel, and to monitor operational aspects of the Tunnel, such as the number of octets and packets that have passed through the Tunnel.

As it stands, this MIB module can only be used to configure or monitor a TE Tunnel at its ingress. The ingress is then expected to use some protocol (such as RSVP-TE) to signal the other routers in the path the information they need to set up the tunnel. The extension of this module for use at other points of a Tunnel is for further study.

1.1. Specification of Requirements

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [1].

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to Section 7 of RFC 3410 [8].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [2], STD 58, RFC 2579 [3] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [4].

3. Overview of the MIB Module

The Traffic Engineering MIB module consists of four parts:

- 1) Traffic Engineering information,
- 2) a table of Traffic Engineering Tunnels,
- 3) a table of Paths that tunnels take, and
- 4) a table of Hops that make up a tunnel path.

The MIB module also has statements for minimal and full compliance.

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The following subsections give an overview of each part. All objects are mandatory. For minimal compliance, all objects MAY be implemented read-only; for full compliance, all objects must be implemented to their stated MAX-ACCESS capabilities. Notifications are optional.

3.1. Traffic Engineering Information

This part contains information about the Link State Protocols used to carry TE information, the signaling protocols used to set up Traffic Tunnels, the number of Traffic Tunnels that have been configured and that are operational, and a mapping of Administrative Group (called Resource Classes in [7]) numbers to names.

3.2. Traffic Tunnel Information

This part contains a table of Traffic Tunnels and information about each one. This information includes the Tunnel name, its configuration information, its operational information, and the active path(s) that the Tunnel takes.

Configuration information includes the end points of the Traffic Tunnel, and the number of configured paths for the Traffic Tunnel.

Operational information includes the current state (up/down), the count of octets and packets sent on the Traffic Tunnel, how long it has been up, and how many state transitions the Traffic Tunnel has had.

Operational path information includes the number of operational paths, the number of path changes, and when the last path change was.

3.3. Path Information

A Tunnel is a logical entity. An instantiation of a Tunnel is one or more Paths; each Path has a route (also called Explicit Route) or sequence of hops. A Path is indexed by a dual index: The primary index is that of the Tunnel to which the Path belongs; the secondary index is that of the Path itself.

The configured information for a Path consists of the constraints for the Path and a configured route.

The operational information consists of the Path status, the computed route (i.e., the route that was computed to satisfy the constraints), and the actual path as recorded by the signaling protocol.

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3.4. Hop Information

A path consists of a sequence of hops. A hop can be loose (meaning that the path eventually traverses the specified node) or strict (meaning that the specified node and possibly the link must be the next node in the path). A hop can be specified as an IPv4 address, an IPv6 address, an Autonomous System number or an unnumbered interface index [5].

The Hop Table contains all hops for all paths on a given router. It is organized as follows. There is a primary index that identifies a list of hops and a secondary index that identifies individual hops. Thus, to get the sequence of recorded hops for a path, one looks up the path's tePathRecordedRoute, which is a primary index into the Hop Table. Then to get the list of actual hops in order for the recorded path, one uses a secondary index of 1, 2,

3.5. Relationship with Other MIB Modules

A TE Tunnel can extend objects from two other MIB modules; one is the Interfaces MIB [10], and the other is the IP Tunnel MIB [11]. The mechanism for doing so is to assign the TE Tunnel index (teTunnelIndex) with a valid ifIndex value in ifTable.

If a TE Tunnel is deemed an interface, a new interface object is created and assigned an ifIndex value in ifTable. Then a TE Tunnel object is created, setting teTunnelIndex to the same value as the interface index.

If (and only if) a TE Tunnel is considered an interface, it may also be considered an IP tunnel (if the encapsulation of the TE Tunnel is IP). In that case, the interface associated with the TE Tunnel should have its ifType set to tunnel(131).

If a TE Tunnel is not considered an interface, then the TE Tunnel index (teTunnelIndex) SHOULD be set to a value at least 2^24, so that it is distinct from normal interfaces.

4. Creating, Modifying, and Deleting a TE Tunnel

To create a TE Tunnel, one first obtains a free Tunnel index by using the object teNextTunnelIndex. One then creates the Tunnel, including all parameters, either as createAndGo or createAndWait. Then, TE Paths for this Tunnel can be created by using the teTunnelNextPathIndex object, again as createAndGo or createAndWait. A particular Path is computed and signaled when both the Path and the enclosing Tunnel have RowStatus 'active'.

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To build a Path's configured route, one first gets a free PathHop index by using teNextPathHopIndex, and then builds the route hop-byhop using the secondary index, setting the AddrType, Address, and HopType for each Hop. Finally, one sets the tePathConfiguredRoute in the Path to the PathHop index obtained.

Modifying certain properties of a TE Tunnel or a TE Path may require setting the RowStatus of the Tunnel (or Path) to 'notInService' before making the changes and then setting the RowStatus of the Tunnel (or Path) back to 'active' to re-signal all Paths of the Tunnel (or the modified Path).

A TE Tunnel and all its Paths can be deleted by setting the Tunnel's RowStatus to 'destroy'. A specific Path within a Tunnel can be destroyed by setting that Path's RowStatus to 'destroy'.

5. MIB Specification

This MIB module IMPORTs objects from RFCs 2578 [2], 2579 [3], 2580 [3], 3411 [6], and 3811 [5] and it also has REFERENCE clauses to RFCs 3209 [8] and 3212 [12].

TE-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, mib-2, Integer32, Gauge32, Counter32, Counter64, Unsigned32, TimeTicks FROM SNMPv2-SMI RowStatus, StorageType, TimeStamp, TruthValue FROM SNMPv2-TC SnmpAdminString FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF TeHopAddress, TeHopAddressType, MplsBitRate FROM MPLS-TC-STD-MIB; teMIB MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "200501040000Z" -- 01 January 2005 ORGANIZATION "IETF Traffic Engineering Working Group" CONTACT-INFO " Editor: Kireeti Kompella Postal: Juniper Networks, Inc. 1194 Mathilda Ave

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Sunnyvale, CA 94089 Tel: +1 408 745 2000 E-mail: kireeti@juniper.net

The IETF Traffic Engineering Working Group is chaired by Jim Boyle and Ed Kern.

WG Mailing List information:

General Discussion: te-wg@ops.ietf.org To Subscribe: te-wg-request@ops.ietf.org In Body: subscribe Archive: ftp://ops.ietf.org/pub/lists

Comments on the MIB module should be sent to the mailing list. The archives for this mailing list should be consulted for previous discussion on this MIB.

DESCRIPTION "The Traffic Engineering MIB module.

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-- revision history

REVISION "200501040000Z" -- 01 January 2005 DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC 3970." ::= { mib-2 122 }

-- Top level objects

teMIBNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIB 0 } teMIBObjectsOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {teMIB 1 }teMIBConformanceOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {teMIB 2 }

-- TE MIB Objects _ _ -- TE Info teInfo OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIBObjects 1 }

teDistProtocol OBJECT-TYPE

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BITS { SYNTAX other(0), isis(1), ospf(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "IGP used to distribute Traffic Engineering information and topology to each device for the purpose of automatic path computation. More than one IGP may be used to distribute TE information. ::= { teInfo 1 } teSignalingProto OBJECT-TYPE BITS { SYNTAX other(0), rsvpte(1), crldp(2), static(3) -- static configuration } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Traffic Engineering signaling protocols supported by this device. More than one protocol may be supported. REFERENCE "For a description of RSVP-TE, see RFC 3209; for CR-LDP, see RFC 3212. ::= { teInfo 2 } teNotificationEnable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If this object is true, then it enables the generation of notifications from this MIB module. Otherwise notifications are not generated. DEFVAL { false } ::= { teInfo 3 } teNextTunnelIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An integer that may be used as a new Index in the Kompella Standards Track [Page 7] teTunnelTable.

The special value of 0 indicates that no more new entries can be created in that table.

When this MIB module is used for configuration, this object always contains a legal value (if non-zero) for an index that is not currently used in that table. The Command Generator (Network Management Application) reads this variable and uses the (non-zero) value read when creating a new row with an SNMP SET. When the SET is performed, the Command Responder (agent) must determine whether the value is indeed still unused; Two Network Management Applications may attempt to create a row (configuration entry) simultaneously and use the same value. If it is currently unused, the SET succeeds, and the Command Responder (agent) changes the value of this object according to an implementation-specific algorithm. If the value is in use, however, the SET fails. The Network Management Application must then re-read this variable to obtain a new usable value.

::= { teInfo 4 }

teNextPathHopIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	Unsigned32
MAX-ACCESS	read-only
STATUS	current
DESCRIPTION	"An integer that may be used as a new Index in the
	tePathHopTable.

The special value of 0 indicates that no more new entries can be created in that table.

When this MIB module is used for configuration, this object always contains a legal value (if non-zero) for an index that is not currently used in that table. The Command Generator (Network Management Application) reads this variable and uses the (non-zero) value read when creating a new row with an SNMP SET. When the SET is performed, the Command Responder (agent) must determine whether the value is indeed still unused; Two Network Management Applications may attempt to create a row (configuration entry) simultaneously and use the same value. If it is currently unused, the SET

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```
succeeds, and the Command Responder (agent) changes
                the value of this object according to an
                implementation-specific algorithm. If the value is
                in use, however, the SET fails. The Network
                Management Application must then re-read this
                variable to obtain a new usable value.
    ::= { teInfo 5 }
teConfiguredTunnels OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "Number of currently configured Tunnels."
   ::= { teInfo 6 }
teActiveTunnels OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "Number of currently active Tunnels."
   ::= { teInfo 7 }
tePrimaryTunnels OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "Number of currently active Tunnels running on
               their primary paths.
    ::= { teInfo 8 }
teAdminGroupTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TeAdminGroupEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "A mapping of configured administrative groups. Each
                entry represents an Administrative Group and
                provides a name and index for the group.
                Administrative groups are used to label links in the
                Traffic Engineering topology in order to place
                constraints (include and exclude) on Tunnel paths.
                A groupName can only be linked to one group number.
                The groupNumber is the number assigned to the
                administrative group used in constraints,
                such as tePathIncludeAny or tePathIncludeAll.
```

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```
::= { teInfo 9 }
  teAdminGroupEntry OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX TeAdminGroupEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION "A mapping between a configured group number and
                  its human-readable name. The group number should
                   be between 1 and 32, inclusive. Group number n
                   represents bit number (n-1) in the bit vector for
                   Include/Exclude constraints.
                   All entries in this table MUST be kept in stable
                   storage so that they will re-appear in case of a
                   restart/reboot.
                  { teAdminGroupNumber }
       INDEX
       ::= { teAdminGroupTable 1 }
  TeAdminGroupEntry ::=
      SEQUENCE {
          teAdminGroupNumber Integer32,
          teAdminGroupName SnmpAdminString,
          teAdminGroupRowStatus RowStatus
       }
  teAdminGroupNumber OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Integer32 (1..32)
      MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION "Index of the administrative group."
      ::= { teAdminGroupEntry 1 }
  teAdminGroupName OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (1..32))
      MAX-ACCESS read-create
      STATUS
                  current
      DESCRIPTION "Name of the administrative group."
       ::= { teAdminGroupEntry 2 }
  teAdminGroupRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX RowStatus
      MAX-ACCESS read-create
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row.
                   The value of this object has no effect on whether
                   other objects in this conceptual row can be
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                                                              [Page 10]
```

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modified.
    ::= { teAdminGroupEntry 3 }
-- Tunnel Table
teTunnelTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TeTunnelEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "Table of Configured Traffic Tunnels."
    ::= { teMIBObjects 2 }
teTunnelEntry
                OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                TeTunnelEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "Entry containing information about a particular
                Traffic Tunnel.
                { teTunnelIndex }
    INDEX
    ::= { teTunnelTable 1 }
TeTunnelEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
                                        Unsigned32,
        teTunnelIndex
        teTunnelName
                                        SnmpAdminString,
       teTunnelNextPathIndex
                                       Unsigned32,
     -- Conceptual row information:
       teTunnelRowStatus
                                       RowStatus,
       teTunnelStorageType
                                       StorageType,
     -- Address information:
       teTunnelSourceAddressType
                                       TeHopAddressType,
       teTunnelSourceAddress
                                        TeHopAddress,
        teTunnelDestinationAddressType TeHopAddressType,
       teTunnelDestinationAddress
                                        TeHopAddress,
     -- State/performance information:
       teTunnelState
                                        INTEGER,
       teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer
                                        TimeStamp,
       teTunnelOctets
                                        Counter64,
        teTunnelPackets
                                       Counter64,
       teTunnelLPOctets
                                       Counter32,
       teTunnelLPPackets
                                       Counter32,
        teTunnelAge
                                       TimeTicks,
        teTunnelTimeUp
                                       TimeTicks,
                                   TimeTicks,
        teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp
        teTunnelTransitions
                                       Counter32,
        teTunnelLastTransition
                                       TimeTicks,
```

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```
teTunnelPathChanges
                                          Counter32,
          teTunnelLastPathChange
                                         TimeTicks,
          teTunnelConfiguredPaths
                                        Gauge32,
          teTunnelStandbyPaths
                                          Gauge32,
          teTunnelOperationalPaths
                                      Gauge32
       }
  teTunnelIndex OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
      MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION "A unique index that identifies a Tunnel. If the TE
                   Tunnel is considered an interface, then this index
                   must match the interface index of the corresponding
                   interface. Otherwise, this index must be at least
                   2^24, so that it does not overlap with any existing
                   interface index.
       ::= { teTunnelEntry 1 }
  teTunnelName OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (1..32))
      MAX-ACCESS read-create
      STATUS
                   current
      DESCRIPTION "Name of the Traffic Tunnel.
                   Note that the name of a Tunnel MUST be unique.
                   When a SET request contains a name that is already
                   in use for another entry, then the implementation
                   must return an inconsistentValue error.
                   The value of this object cannot be changed if the
                   if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus
                   object is 'active'.
       ::= { teTunnelEntry 2 }
  teTunnelNextPathIndex OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Unsigned32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS
                   current
      DESCRIPTION "An integer that may be used as a new Index for the
                   next Path in this Tunnel.
                   The special value of 0 indicates that no more Paths
                   can be created for this Tunnel, or that no more new
                   entries can be created in tePathTable.
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                                                              [Page 12]
```

When this MIB module is used for configuration, this object always contains a legal value (if non-zero) for an index that is not currently used in that table. The Command Generator (Network Management Application) reads this variable and uses the (non-zero) value read when creating a new row with an SNMP SET. When the SET is performed, the Command Responder (agent) must determine whether the value is indeed still unused; Two Network Management Applications may attempt to create a row (configuration entry) simultaneously and use the same value. If it is currently unused, the SET succeeds, and the Command Responder (agent) changes the value of this object according to an implementation-specific algorithm. If the value is in use, however, the SET fails. The Network Management Application must then re-read this variable to obtain a new usable value. ::= { teTunnelEntry 3 } teTunnelRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row.

> When the value of this object is 'active', then the values for the corresponding objects teTunnelName, teTunnelSourceAddressType, teTunnelSourceAddress, teTunnelDestinationAddressType, and teTunnelDestinationAddress cannot be changed.

```
::= { teTunnelEntry 4 }
```

teTunnelStorageType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The storage type for this conceptual row. Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent' need

not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row.

::= { teTunnelEntry 5 }

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teTunnelSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TeHopAddressType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The type of Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop address for the source of this Tunnel. Typically, this address type is IPv4 or IPv6, with a prefix length of 32 or 128, respectively. If the TE Tunnel path is being computed by a path computation server, however, it is possible to use more flexible source address types, such as AS numbers or prefix lengths less than host address lengths. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { teTunnelEntry 6 } teTunnelSourceAddress OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TeHopAddress MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Source Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop address of this Tunnel. The type of this address is determined by the value of the corresponding teTunnelSourceAddressType. Note that the source and destination addresses of a Tunnel can be different address types. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { teTunnelEntry 7 } teTunnelDestinationAddressType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TeHopAddressType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The type of Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop address for the destination of this Tunnel. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'.

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... ::= { teTunnelEntry 8 } teTunnelDestinationAddress OBJECT-TYPE TeHopAddress SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Destination Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop address of this Tunnel. The type of this address is determined by the value of the corresponding teTunnelDestinationAddressType. Note that source and destination addresses of a Tunnel can be different address types. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { teTunnelEntry 9 } teTunnelState OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { unknown(1), up(2), down(3), testing(4)} read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The operational state of the Tunnel." ::= { teTunnelEntry 10 } teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which any one or more of this tunnel's counters suffered a discontinuity. The relevant counters are teTunnelOctets, teTunnelPackets, teTunnelLPOctets, and teTunnelLPPackets. If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-initialization of the local management subsystem then this object contains a zero value. ::= { teTunnelEntry 11 }

Kompella Standards Track [Page 15] teTunnelOctets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAXCounter64MAX-ACCESSread-onlySTATUScurrent DESCRIPTION "The number of octets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer. ::= { teTunnelEntry 12 } teTunnelPackets OBJECT-TYPE Counter64 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of packets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer. ::= { teTunnelEntry 13 } teTunnelLPOctets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of octets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer. ::= { teTunnelEntry 14 } teTunnelLPPackets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of packets that have been forwarded over the Tunnel.

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Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system and at other times, as indicated by the value of teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer. ::= { teTunnelEntry 15 } teTunnelAge OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The age (i.e., time from creation of this conceptual row till now) of this Tunnel in hundredths of a second. Note that because TimeTicks wrap in about 16 months, this value is best used in interval measurements. ::= { teTunnelEntry 16 } teTunnelTimeUp OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The total time in hundredths of a second that this Tunnel has been operational. Note that because TimeTicks wrap in about 16 months, this value is best used in interval measurements. An example of usage of this object would be to compute the percentage up time over a period of time by obtaining values of teTunnelAge and teTunnelTimeUp at two points in time and computing the following ratio: ((teTunnelTimeUp2 - teTunnelTimeUp1)/ (teTunnelAge2 - teTunnelAge1)) * 100 %. In doing so, the management station must account for wrapping of the values of teTunnelAge and teTunnelTimeUp between the two measurements. ::= { teTunnelEntry 17 } teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp OBJECT-TYPE TimeTicks SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The total time in hundredths of a second that this Tunnel's primary path has been operational. Note that because TimeTicks wrap in about 16 months, this

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value is best used in interval measurements. An example of usage of this field would be to compute what percentage of time that a TE Tunnel was on the primary path over a period of time by computing ((teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp2 - teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp1)/ (teTunnelTimeUp2 - teTunnelTimeUp1))*100 %. In doing so, the management station must account for wrapping of the values of teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp and teTunnelTimeUp between the two measurements. ::= { teTunnelEntry 18 } teTunnelTransitions OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of operational state transitions (up -> down and down -> up) this Tunnel has undergone. ::= { teTunnelEntry 19 } teTunnelLastTransition OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The time in hundredths of a second since the last operational state transition occurred on this Tunnel. Note that if the last transition was over 16 months ago, this value will be inaccurate. ::= { teTunnelEntry 20 } teTunnelPathChanges OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of path changes this Tunnel has had." ::= { teTunnelEntry 21 } teTunnelLastPathChange OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

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```
DESCRIPTION "The time in hundredths of a second since the last
               path change occurred on this Tunnel.
               Note that if the last transition was over 16
               months ago, this value will be inaccurate.
               Path changes may be caused by network events or by
               reconfiguration that affects the path.
    ::= { teTunnelEntry 22 }
teTunnelConfiguredPaths OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION "The number of paths configured for this Tunnel."
   ::= { teTunnelEntry 23 }
teTunnelStandbyPaths OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "The number of standby paths configured for this
               Tunnel.
               ...
   ::= { teTunnelEntry 24 }
teTunnelOperationalPaths OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Gauge32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "The number of operational paths for this Tunnel.
               This includes the path currently active, as
               well as operational standby paths.
   ::= { teTunnelEntry 25 }
-- Tunnel Path Table
_ _
tePathTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TePathEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "Table of Configured Traffic Tunnels."
   ::= { teMIBObjects 3 }
```

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```
tePathEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX TePathEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "Entry containing information about a particular
                   Traffic Tunnel. Each Traffic Tunnel can have zero
                   or more Traffic Paths.
                   As a Traffic Path can only exist over an existing
                   Traffic Tunnel, all tePathEntries with
                   a value of n for teTunnelIndex MUST be removed by
                   the implementation when the corresponding
                   teTunnelEntry with a value of n for teTunnelIndex
                   is removed.
                  { teTunnelIndex, tePathIndex }
    INDEX
    ::= { tePathTable 1 }
TePathEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        tePathIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
                                        SnmpAdminString,
        tePathName
     -- Conceptual row information
        tePathRowStatus
                                        RowStatus,
     tePathStorageType StorageType,
-- Path properties
tePathType TNTEGEP
        tePathTypeINTEGER,tePathConfiguredRouteUnsigned32,tePathBandwidthMplsBitRate,tePathIncludeAnyUnsigned32,tePathIncludeAllUnsigned32,
        tePathIncludeAll
                                     Unsigned32,
Integer32,
Integer32,
        tePathExclude
        tePathSetupPriority
tePathHoldPriority
        tePathProperties
                                      BITS,
        tePathRecordedRoute Unsigned
     -- Path status
                                        Unsigned32,
                                      Unsigned32
    }
tePathIndex OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "An index that uniquely identifies a path within
                   a Tunnel.
```

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The combination of <teTunnelIndex, tePathIndex> thus uniquely identifies a path among all paths on this router. ::= { tePathEntry 1 } OBJECT-TYPE tePathName SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..32)) SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The name of this path. A pathName must be unique within the set of paths over a single tunnel. If a SET request is received with a duplicate name, then the implementation MUST return an inconsistentValue error. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { tePathEntry 2 } tePathRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row. When the value of this object is 'active', then the value of tePathName cannot be changed. All other writable objects may be changed; however, these changes may affect traffic going over the TE tunnel or require the path to be computed and/or re-signaled. ::= { tePathEntry 3 } tePathStorageType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-create current STATUS DESCRIPTION "The storage type for this conceptual row. Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row. Kompella Standards Track [Page 21]

```
::= { tePathEntry 4 }
tePathType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                    other(1),
                    primary(2),
                    standby(3),
                    secondary(4)
                }
   MAX-ACCESS
                read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION "The type for this PathEntry; i.e., whether this path
                is a primary path, a standby path, or a secondary
                path.
    ::= { tePathEntry 5 }
tePathConfiguredRoute OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "The route that this TE path is configured to follow;
                i.e., an ordered list of hops. The value of this
                object gives the primary index into the Hop Table.
                The secondary index is the hop count in the path, so
                to get the route, one could get the first hop with
                index <tePathConfiguredRoute, 1> in the Hop Table
               and do a getnext to get subsequent hops.
    ::= { tePathEntry 6 }
tePathBandwidth OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX MplsBitRate
              "Kilobits per second"
   UNTTS
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
              current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION "The configured bandwidth for this Tunnel,
                in units of thousands of bits per second (Kbps).
               { 0 }
   DEFVAL
    ::= { tePathEntry 7 }
tePathIncludeAny OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "This is a configured set of administrative groups
                specified as a bit vector (i.e., bit n is 1 if group
```

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n is in the set, where n = 0 is the LSB). For each link that this path goes through, the link must have at least one of the groups specified in IncludeAny to be acceptable. If IncludeAny is zero, all links are acceptable. DEFVAL { 0 } ::= { tePathEntry 8 } tePathIncludeAll OBJECT-TYPE Unsigned32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This is a configured set of administrative groups specified as a bit vector (i.e., bit n is 1 if group n is in the set, where n = 0 is the LSB). For each link that this path goes through, the link must have all of the groups specified in IncludeAll to be acceptable. If IncludeAll is zero, all links are acceptable. { 0 } DEFVAL ::= { tePathEntry 9 } tePathExclude OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This is a configured set of administrative groups specified as a bit vector (i.e., bit n is 1 if group n is in the set, where n = 0 is the LSB). For each link that this path goes through, the link MUST have groups associated with it, and the intersection of the link's groups and the 'exclude' set MUST be null. { 0 } DEFVAL ::= { tePathEntry 10 } tePathSetupPriority OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (0..7) MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The setup priority configured for this path, with 0 as the highest priority and 7 as the lowest. ш { 7 } DEFVAL

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```
::= { tePathEntry 11 }
tePathHoldPriority OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Integer32 (0..7)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "The hold priority configured for this path, with 0
                 as the highest priority and 7 as the lowest.
                 .....
                 { 0 }
    DEFVAL
    ::= { tePathEntry 12 }
tePathProperties OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX BITS {
                      recordRoute(0),
                      cspf(1),
                      makeBeforeBreak(2),
                      mergeable(3),
                      fastReroute(4),
                      protected(5)
                  }
    MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION "The set of configured properties for this path,
                  expressed as a bit map. For example, if the path
                 supports 'make before break', then bit 2 is set.
    ::= { tePathEntry 13 }
tePathOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
                      unknown(0),
                      down(1),
                      testing(2),
                      dormant(3),
                      ready(4),
                      operational(5)
                  }
    MAX-ACCESS
                  read-only
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION "The operational status of the path:
                  unknown:
                  down:Signaling failed.testing:Administratively set aside for testing.dormant:Not signaled (for a backup tunnel).ready:Signaled but not yet carrying traffic.
                                Signaling failed.
                  down:
                  operational: Signaled and carrying traffic.
```

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```
::= { tePathEntry 14 }
   tePathAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                  INTEGER {
                       normal(1),
                       testing(2)
                    }
      MAX-ACCESS read-create
       STATUS
                   current
      DESCRIPTION "The operational status of the path:
                   normal: Used normally for forwarding.
testing: Administratively set aside for testing.
       ::= { tePathEntry 15 }
   tePathComputedRoute OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Unsigned32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION "The route computed for this path, perhaps using
                   some form of Constraint-based Routing.
                                                           The
                   algorithm is implementation dependent.
                   This object returns the computed route as an ordered
                    list of hops. The value of this object gives the
                   primary index into the Hop Table. The secondary
                   index is the hop count in the path, so to get the
                   route, one could get the first hop with index
                    <tePathComputedRoute, 1> in the Hop Table and do a
                   getnext to get subsequent hops.
                   A value of zero (0) means there is no computedRoute.
       ::= { tePathEntry 16 }
   tePathRecordedRoute OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Unsigned32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                   current
      DESCRIPTION "The route actually used for this path, as recorded
                   by the signaling protocol. This is again an ordered
                   list of hops; each hop is expected to be strict.
                   The value of this object gives the primary index
                    into the Hop Table. The secondary index is the hop
                    count in the path, so to get the route, one can get
                    the first hop with index <tePathRecordedRoute, 1>
                    in the Hop Table and do a getnext to get subsequent
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                           Standards Track
                                                               [Page 25]
```

```
hops.
                     A value of zero (0) means there is no recordedRoute.
       ::= { tePathEntry 17 }
   _ _
   -- Tunnel Path Hop Table
   _ _
   tePathHopTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF TePathHopEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION "Table of Tunnel Path Hops."
       ::= { teMIBObjects 4 }
   tePathHopEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX TePathHopEntry
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION "Entry containing information about a particular
                    hop.
                    { teHopListIndex, tePathHopIndex }
       INDEX
       ::= { tePathHopTable 1 }
   TePathHopEntry ::=
       SEQUENCE {
           teHopListIndex Unsigned32,
tePathHopIndex Unsigned32
           tePathHopIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
        -- Conceptual row information
           tePathHopRowStatusRowStatus,tePathHopStorageTypeStorageType,tePathHopAddrTypeTeHopAddressType,tePathHopAddressTeHopAddress,tePathHopTypeINTEGER
       }
   teHopListIndex OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
       MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION "An index that identifies a list of hops. This is
                     the primary index to access hops.
       ::= { tePathHopEntry 1 }
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                             Standards Track
                                                                   [Page 26]
```

tePathHopIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAXUnsigned32 (1..4294967295)MAX-ACCESSnot-accessibleSTATUScurrent DESCRIPTION "An index that identifies a particular hop among the list of hops for a path. An index of i identifies the ith hop. This is the secondary index for a hop entry. ::= { tePathHopEntry 2 } tePathHopRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row. Any field in this table can be changed, even if the value of this object is 'active'. However, such a change may cause traffic to be rerouted or even disrupted. ::= { tePathHopEntry 3 } tePathHopStorageType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX StorageType read-create MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The storage type for this conceptual row. Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row. ::= { tePathHopEntry 4 } tePathHopAddrType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TeHopAddressType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The type of Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop Address of this hop. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding tePathRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { tePathHopEntry 5 } Kompella Standards Track [Page 27]

tePathHopAddress OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAXTeHopAddressMAX-ACCESSread-createSTATUScurrent DESCRIPTION "The Traffic Engineered Tunnel hop Address of this hop. The type of this address is determined by the value of the corresponding tePathHopAddressType. The value of this object cannot be changed if the value of the corresponding teTunnelRowStatus object is 'active'. ::= { tePathHopEntry 6 } tePathHopType OBJECT-TYPE INTEGER { SYNTAX unknown(0), loose(1), strict(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The type of hop: unknown: loose: This hop is a LOOSE hop. strict: This hop is a STRICT hop. ::= { tePathHopEntry 7 } _ _ -- TE Notifications _ _ NOTIFICATION-TYPE teTunnelUp { teTunnelName, OBJECTS tePathName } -- TunnelPath STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A teTunnelUp notification is generated when the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName transitions to the 'up' state. A tunnel is up when at least one of its paths is up. The tePathName is the name of the path whose transition to up made the tunnel go up. Kompella Standards Track [Page 28]

This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel flaps up and down. ::= { teMIBNotifications 1 } teTunnelDown NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { teTunnelName, tePathName } -- TunnelPath STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A teTunnelDown notification is generated when the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName transitions to the 'down' state. A tunnel is up when at least one of its paths is up. The tePathName is the name of the path whose transition to down made the tunnel go down. This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel flaps up and down. ::= { teMIBNotifications 2 } teTunnelChanged NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { teTunnelName, tePathName } -- toTunnelPath STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A teTunnelChanged notification is generated when an active path on the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName changes or a new path becomes active. The value of tePathName is the new active path. This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel changes quickly. ::= { teMIBNotifications 3 } teTunnelRerouted NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { teTunnelName, tePathName } -- toTunnelPath STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A teTunnelRerouted notification is generated when an active path for the Tunnel indexed by teTunnelName stays the same, but its route changes. This notification MUST be limited to at most one every minute, in case the tunnel reroutes quickly. ::= { teMIBNotifications 4 } Kompella Standards Track [Page 29]

```
-- End of TE-MIB objects
_ _
-- TE Compliance Statements
_ _
teGroups
   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIBConformance 1 }
teModuleCompliance
   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { teMIBConformance 2 }
_ _
-- TE object groups
_ _
teTrafficEngineeringGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
      teTunnelName,
      teTunnelNextPathIndex,
      teTunnelRowStatus,
       teTunnelStorageType,
       teTunnelSourceAddressType,
       teTunnelSourceAddress,
       teTunnelDestinationAddressType,
       teTunnelDestinationAddress,
       teTunnelState,
      teTunnelDiscontinuityTimer,
      teTunnelOctets,
      teTunnelPackets,
      teTunnelLPOctets,
      teTunnelLPPackets,
       teTunnelAge,
       teTunnelTimeUp,
       teTunnelPrimaryTimeUp,
       teTunnelTransitions,
       teTunnelLastTransition,
       teTunnelPathChanges,
       teTunnelLastPathChange,
       teTunnelConfiguredPaths,
       teTunnelStandbyPaths,
       teTunnelOperationalPaths,
       tePathBandwidth,
       tePathIncludeAny,
       tePathIncludeAll,
       tePathExclude,
```

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```
tePathSetupPriority,
       tePathHoldPriority,
       tePathProperties,
       tePathOperStatus,
       tePathAdminStatus,
       tePathComputedRoute,
       tePathRecordedRoute,
       teDistProtocol,
       teSignalingProto,
       teNotificationEnable,
       teNextTunnelIndex,
       teNextPathHopIndex,
       teAdminGroupName,
       teAdminGroupRowStatus,
       teConfiguredTunnels,
       teActiveTunnels,
       tePrimaryTunnels,
       tePathName,
       tePathType,
       tePathRowStatus,
       tePathStorageType,
       tePathConfiguredRoute,
       tePathHopRowStatus,
       tePathHopStorageType,
       tePathHopAddrType,
       tePathHopAddress,
       tePathHopType
   }
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION "Objects for Traffic Engineering in this MIB module."
   ::= { teGroups 1 }
teNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
  NOTIFICATIONS {
      teTunnelUp,
      teTunnelDown,
      teTunnelChanged,
      teTunnelRerouted
   }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION "Notifications specified in this MIB module."
  ::= { teGroups 2 }
_ _
-- TE compliance statements
_ _
___
     There are four compliance statements: read-only and full
```

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```
RFC 3970
                   A Traffic Engineering (TE) MIB January 2005
        compliance for regular TE devices, and read-only and full
   _ _
  _ _
        compliance for path computation servers.
  teModuleReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
      STATUS
                   current
      DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented without support
                  for read-create (i.e., in read-only mode), then such
                   an implementation can claim read-only compliance.
                   Such a device can be monitored but cannot be
                   configured with this MIB module.
      MODULE
                   -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB
          MANDATORY-GROUPS {
              teTrafficEngineeringGroup
           }
          GROUP
                      teNotificationGroup
          DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional."
          OBJECT
                      teNotificationEnable
          MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
          OBJECT teAdminGroupName
MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
          OBJECT teAdminGroupRowStatus
SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) }
          MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
          OBJECT
                      teTunnelName
          MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
                      teTunnelRowStatus
          OBJECT
          SYNTAX
                      RowStatus { active(1) }
          MIN-ACCESS read-only
          DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."
                      teTunnelStorageType
          OBJECT
          MIN-ACCESS read-only
```

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_ _

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DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddressType SYNTAX TeHopAddressType { ipv4(1 TeHopAddressType { ipv4(1), ipv6(2) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required. An implementation is only required to support IPv4 and IPv6 host addresses." OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelDestinationAddressType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." teTunnelDestinationAddress OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathConfiguredRoute MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathBandwidth OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathIncludeAny OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT tePathIncludeAll MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathExclude MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathSetupPriority OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHoldPriority MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathProperties OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathAdminStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopAddrType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathHopAddress OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ::= { teModuleCompliance 1 } teModuleFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented with support for read-create, then the implementation can claim full compliance. Such devices can be both

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monitored and configured with this MIB module. MODULE -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB MANDATORY-GROUPS { teTrafficEngineeringGroup } GROUP teNotificationGroup DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional." OBJECT teAdminGroupRowStatus OBJECTteadmingroup
RowStatus { active(1) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for notInService, createAndWait and notReady is not required. OBJECT teTunnelRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddressType SYNTAX TeHopAddressType { ipv4(1), ipv6(2) } DESCRIPTION "Write access is required. An implementation is only required to support IPv4 and IPv6 host addresses. ... OBJECT tePathRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. OBJECT tePathHopRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2),

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createAndGo(4), destroy(6) DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. ::= { teModuleCompliance 2 } teModuleServerReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented by a path computation server without support for read-create (i.e., in read-only mode), then the implementation can claim read-only compliance. Such a device can be monitored but cannot be configured with this MIB module. MODULE -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB MANDATORY-GROUPS { teTrafficEngineeringGroup } GROUP teNotificationGroup DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional." OBJECT teNotificationEnable MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teAdminGroupName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT SYNTAX teAdminGroupRowStatus RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT teTunnelStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddressType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required. A path computation server SHOULD implement all types of tunnel source address types. OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." teTunnelDestinationAddressType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." teTunnelDestinationAddress OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathConfiguredRoute OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathBandwidth OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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OBJECT tePathIncludeAny MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathIncludeAll MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathExclude MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathSetupPriority MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathHoldPriority OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathProperties MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathAdminStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECTtePathHopRowStatusSYNTAXRowStatus { active(1) }MIN-ACCESSread-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." tePathHopAddrType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tePathHopAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ::= { teModuleCompliance 3 }

teModuleServerFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE

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STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When this MIB module is implemented by a path computation server with support for read-create, then the implementation can claim full compliance. MODULE -- enclosing module, i.e., TE-MIB MANDATORY-GROUPS { teTrafficEngineeringGroup } GROUP teNotificationGroup DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is optional." OBJECT teAdminGroupRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for notInService, createAndWait, and notReady is not required. OBJECT teTunnelRowStatus OBJECTterunnerkowstatusSYNTAXRowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4), destroy(6) DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. OBJECT teTunnelSourceAddressType DESCRIPTION "Write access is required. An implementation of a path computation server SHOULD support all types of tunnel source address types. OBJECT tePathRowStatus SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) } WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4), destroy(6) } DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not required. ... OBJECT tePathHopRowStatus

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```
RFC 3970
```

```
SYNTAX
                RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2) }
   WRITE-SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1), notInService(2),
                            createAndGo(4), destroy(6)
   DESCRIPTION "Support for createAndWait and notReady is not
                required.
::= { teModuleCompliance 4 }
```

END

- 6. References
- 6.1. Normative References
 - [1] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997.
 - [2] McCloghrie, K., Perkins, D., and J. Schoenwaelder, "Structure of Management Information Version 2 (SMIv2)", STD 58, RFC 2578, April 1999.
 - [3] McCloghrie, K., Perkins, D., and J. Schoenwaelder, "Textual Conventions for SMIv2", STD 58, RFC 2579, April 1999.
 - [4] McCloghrie, K., Perkins, D., and J. Schoenwaelder, "Conformance Statements for SMIv2", STD 58, RFC 2580, April 1999.
 - [5] Nadeau, T. and J. Cucchiara, "Definitions of Textual Conventions (TCs) for Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Management", RFC 3811, June 2004.
 - [6] Harrington, D., Presuhn, R., and B. Wijnen, "An Architecture for Describing Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Management Frameworks", STD 62, RFC 3411, December 2002.
 - [7] Awduche, D., Malcolm, J., Agogbua, J., O'Dell, M., and J. McManus, "Requirements for Traffic Engineering Over MPLS", RFC 2702, September 1999.
- 6.2. Informative References
 - [8] Awduche, D., Berger, L., Gan, D., Li, T., Srinivasan, V., and G. Swallow, "RSVP-TE: Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels", RFC 3209, December 2001.

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- [9] Case, J., Mundy, R., Partain, D., and B. Stewart, "Introduction and Applicability Statements for Internet-Standard Management Framework", RFC 3410, December 2002.
- [10] McCloghrie, K. and F. Kastenholz, "The Interfaces Group MIB", RFC 2863, June 2000.
- [11] Thaler, D., "IP Tunnel MIB", RFC 2667, August 1999.
- [12] Jamoussi, B., Andersson, L., Callon, R., Dantu, R., Wu, L., Doolan, P., Worster, T., Feldman, N., Fredette, A., Girish, M., Gray, E., Heinanen, J., Kilty, T., and A. Malis, "Constraint-Based LSP Setup using LDP", RFC 3212, January 2002.
- 7. Security Considerations

This MIB module relates to the configuration and management of Traffic Engineering tunnels. The unauthorized manipulation of fields in the tables teAdminGroupTable, teTunnelTable, tePathTable, and tePathHopTable may lead to tunnel flapping, tunnel paths being changed, or traffic being disrupted. In addition, if these tables are read by unauthorized parties, the information can be used to trace traffic patterns, traffic volumes, and tunnel paths. This may be considered proprietary and confidential information by some providers.

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

teAdminGroupTable: Changing this will affect the semantics of include and exclude constraints, and thus traffic takes unintended routes.

teTunnelTable: Changing this affects many properties of traffic tunnels.

tePathTable: Changing this affects the constraints (including bandwidth) of tunnel paths, as well as the status of the path.

tePathHopTable: Changing this affects the route followed by a traffic tunnel path.

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Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

teTunnelTable: Describes tunnel endpoints and traffic volumes. tePathTable: Describes path properties. tePathHopTable: Describes path routes.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [9], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

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Author's Address

Kireeti Kompella Juniper Networks, Inc. 1194 N. Mathilda Ave Sunnyvale, CA 94089

EMail: kireeti@juniper.net

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