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Signalizing MIB for PacketCable and IPCablecom
Multimedia Terminal Adapters (MTAs)

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines a basic set of managed objects for Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)-based management of PacketCable- and IPCablecom-compliant Multimedia Terminal Adapter devices.

Table of Contents

1.	The Internet-Standard Management Framework	2
2.	Introduction	2
3.	Terminology	3
3.1.	MTA	3
3.2.	Endpoint	3
3.3.	L Line Package	4
3.4.	E Line Package	4
4.	Overview	4
4.1.	Structure of the MIB	5
4.2.	pktSigMibObjects	5
4.3.	pktSigConformance	6
5.	Definitions	6
6.	Examples	69
7.	Acknowledgments	72
8.	Security Considerations	73
9.	IANA Considerations	75
10.	References	75
10.1.	Normative References	75
10.2.	Informative References	76

1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

2. Introduction

A multimedia terminal adapter (MTA) is used to deliver broadband Internet, data, and/or voice access jointly with telephony service to a subscriber's or customer's premises using a cable network infrastructure. An MTA is normally installed at the customer's or subscriber's premises, and it is coupled to a multiple system operator (MSO) using a hybrid fiber coax (HFC) access network.

An MTA is provisioned by the MSO for broadband Internet, data, and/or voice service. For more information on MTA provisioning, refer to

the PacketCable Provisioning Specification [PKT-SP-PROV] and [RFC4682]. MTA devices include one or more endpoints (e.g., telephone ports), which receive call signaling information to establish ring cadence, and codecs used for providing telephony service. For more information on call signaling, refer to the PacketCable Signaling Specification [PKT-SP-MGCP] and [RFC3435]. For more information on codecs refer to the PacketCable Audio/Video Codecs Specification [PKT-SP-CODEC].

Telephone systems are typically very complex and often have a wide distribution. It is therefore important for management systems to support MTAs from multiple vendors at the same time, including those from multiple countries. This MIB module provides objects suitable for managing signaling for MTA devices in the widest possible range of markets.

3. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

The terms "MIB module" and "information module" are used interchangeably in this memo. As used here, both terms refer to any of the three types of information modules defined in Section 3 of RFC 2578 [RFC2578].

3.1. MTA

An MTA is a PacketCable or IPCablecom compliant device providing telephony services over a cable or hybrid system used to deliver video signals to a community. It contains an interface to endpoints, a network interface, codecs, and all signaling and encapsulation functions required for Voice-over IP transport, call signaling, and Quality of Service signaling. An MTA can be an embedded or standalone device. An Embedded MTA (E-MTA) is an MTA device containing an embedded Data Over Cable Service Interface Specifications (DOCSIS) Cable Modem. A Standalone MTA (S-MTA) is an MTA device separated from the DOCSIS Cable Modem by non-DOCSIS Media Access Control (MAC) interface (e.g., Ethernet, USB).

3.2. Endpoint

An endpoint or MTA endpoint is a standard telephony physical port located on the MTA and used for attaching the telephone device to the MTA.

3.3. L Line Package

The L line package refers to the Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP) package for the core signaling functionality, as defined by PacketCable and IPCablecom. An MTA provides all L package elements; however, the operator determines their application.

3.4. E Line Package

The E line package refers to the MGCP package extensions, over and above the core L package, defined in support of international requirements. E line package elements are optional, vary from country to country, and are set by operator or regulatory requirements.

4. Overview

This MIB module provides a set of objects required for Multimedia Terminal Adapter (MTA) devices compliant with the PacketCable and IPCablecom signaling specifications published by CableLabs, the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI), and the International Telecommunication Union Telecommunication Standardization Sector (ITU-T) IPCablecom compliant Multimedia Terminal Adapter (MTA) devices. The Signaling MIB module (PKTC-IETF-SIG-MIB) is intended to update various Signaling MIB modules from which it is partly derived:

- the PacketCable 1.0 Signaling MIB Specification [PKT-SP-MIB-SIG-1.0],
- the PacketCable 1.5 Signaling MIB Specification [PKT-SP-MIB-SIG-1.5],
- the ITU-T IPCablecom Signaling MIB requirements [ITU-T-J169],
- the ETSI Signaling MIB [ETSI-TS-101-909-9]. The ETSI Signaling MIB requirements also refer to various signal characteristics defined in [ETSI-TS-101-909-4], [ETSI-EN-300-001], [ETSI-EN-300-659-1], [ETSI-EN-300-324-1] and [ETSI-TR-101-183].

Several normative and informative references are used to help define Signaling MIB objects. As a convention, wherever PacketCable and IPCablecom requirements are equivalent, the PacketCable reference is used in the object REFERENCE clause. IPCablecom compliant MTA devices MUST use the equivalent IPCablecom references.

This MIB module describes the various Signaling MIB objects that are directly related to the PacketCable MTA and the endpoints supported on the MTA, each of which provides services independently. The recognition and distinction of the endpoints are made by utilizing the ifTable (IF-MIB [RFC2863]), where each index (ifIndex) value refers to a unique endpoint. This MIB module also utilizes the syntax definition of the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) from DIFFSERV-DSCP-TC [RFC3289] for defining MIB objects that allow for differentiation between various types of traffic in the service provider network.

4.1. Structure of the MIB

This MIB module is identified by pktcIetfSigMib and is structured into two major parts:

- Signaling information that controls device and endpoint configuration (pktcSigMibObjects)
- Module Conformance information(pktcSigConformance)

The following sections explain each part in further detail. It is to be noted that future enhancements to specify Notification Objects are also allowed (pktcSigNotification).

4.2. pktcSigMibObjects

This is further divided into device-specific elements (pktcSigDevObjects) and endpoint-specific elements (pktcSigEndPntConfigObjects).

Some highlights of the device-specific elements are as follows:

pktcSigCodecTable - this object identifies the codec types available on the device.

pktcSigDevEchoCancellation - this object identifies the capability of echo cancellation on the device.

pktcSigDevSilenceSuppression - this object specifies if the device is capable of silence suppression (Voice Activity Detection).

pktcSigPulseSignalTable - this table selects the various signals used in the application of the metering pulse signal to the twisted pair line.

pktcSigDevToneTable - this table specifies a flexible structure within which to specify all of the tones used in the MTA.

`pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable` - this table defines the characteristics of tones with multiple frequencies. Each entry in this table represents the frequency reference of a multi-frequency tone.

The endpoint-specific elements are mostly confined to the Endpoint configuration MIB table (`pktcSigEndPntConfigTable`). This table describes the MTA endPoint configuration. The number of entries in this table represents the number of provisioned endpoints.

4.3. `pktcSigConformance`

`pktcSigDeviceGroup` - this group contains all the MIB objects that apply on a per-device basis and need to be implemented by an MTA to claim compliance with the specified MIB module.

`pktcSigEndpointGroup` - this group contains all the MIB objects that apply on a per-endpoint basis and need to be implemented by an MTA to claim compliance with the specified MIB module.

`pktcLLinePackageGroup` - this group contains the MIB objects that need to be implemented to support the L line package.

`pktcELinePackageGroup` - this group contains the MIB objects that need to be implemented to support the E line package.

`pktcInternationalGroup` - this group contains optional MIB objects designed to support operations over the widest possible range of markets.

5. Definitions

```
PKTC-IETF-SIG-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

IMPORTS

```

MODULE-IDENTITY,
OBJECT-TYPE,
Integer32,
Unsigned32,
mib-2
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI                                -- [RFC2578]
InetAddressType,
InetAddress,
InetPortNumber
    FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB                          -- [RFC4001]
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION,
RowStatus,
TruthValue
    FROM SNMPv2-TC                                -- [RFC2579]
```

```
OBJECT-GROUP,
MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF                                -- [RFC2580]
SnmpAdminString
    FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB                         -- [RFC3411]
ifIndex
    FROM IF-MIB                                     -- [RFC2863]
Dscp
    FROM DIFFSERV-DSCP-TC;                          -- [RFC3289]

pktcIetfSigMib MODULE-IDENTITY
LAST-UPDATED      "200712180000Z" -- December 18, 2007
ORGANIZATION     "IETF IPCDN Working Group"
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DESCRIPTION
"This MIB module supplies the basic management
objects for the PacketCable and IPCablecom Signaling
protocols. This version of the MIB includes
common signaling and Network Call Signaling"
```

(NCS)-related signaling objects.

Copyright (C) The IETF Trust (2008). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 5098; see the RFC itself for full legal notices."

REVISION "200712180000Z"
 DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC 5098."

::= { mib-2 169 }

-- Textual Conventions

TenthdBm ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

DISPLAY-HINT "d-1"
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION "This TEXTUAL-CONVENTION represents power levels that are normally expressed in dBm. Units are in tenths of a dBm; for example, -13.5 dBm will be represented as -135."
 SYNTAX Integer32

PktcCodecType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION " This TEXTUAL-CONVENTION defines various types of codecs that MAY be supported. The description for each enumeration is listed below:

Enumeration	Description
other	a defined codec not in the enumeration
unknown	a codec not defined by the PacketCable Codec Specification
g729	ITU-T Recommendation G.729
reserved	for future use
g729E	ITU-T Recommendation G.729E
pcmu	Pulse Code Modulation u-law (PCMU)
g726at32	ITU-T Recommendation G.726-32 (32 kbit/s)
g728	ITU-T Recommendation G.728
pcma	Pulse Code Modulation a-law (PCMA)
g726at16	ITU-T Recommendation G.726-16 (16 kbit/s)
g726at24	ITU-T Recommendation G.726-24 (24 kbit/s)
g726at40	ITU-T Recommendation G.726-40 (40 kbit/s)
ilbc	IETF Internet low-bit rate codec
bv16	Broadcom BroadVoice16

The list of codecs is consistent with the IETF Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) Profile registry and

the RTP Map Parameters Table in PacketCable Audio/Video Codecs Specification [PKT-SP-CODEC]. The literal codec name for each codec is listed below:

Codec	Literal Codec Name
g729	G729
g729E	G729E
pcm	PCM
g726at32	G726-32
g728	G728
pcma	PCMA
g726at16	G726-16
g726at24	G726-24
g726at40	G726-40
ilbc	iLBC
bv16	BV16

The literal codec name is the second column of the table with codec RTP Map Parameters. The Literal Codec Name Column contains the codec name used in the local connection options (LCO) of the NCS messages create connection (CRCX)/modify connection (MDCX) and is also used to identify the codec in the Call Management System (CMS) Provisioning Specification. The RTP Map Parameter column of the Table contains the string used in the media attribute line (a=) of the session description protocol (SDP) parameters in NCS messages."

SYNTAX INTEGER {

```

other      (1),
unknown    (2),
g729       (3),
reserved   (4),
g729E     (5),
pcm        (6),
g726at32  (7),
g728       (8),
pcma       (9),
g726at16  (10),
g726at24  (11),
g726at40  (12),
ilbc       (13),
bv16       (14)
}
```

```
PktcRingCadence ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
"This object provides an encoding scheme for ring"
```

cadences, including repeatability characteristics. All fields in this object MUST be encoded in network-byte order.

The first three higher-order octets are reserved. The octets that follow are used to encode a 'bit-string', with each bit corresponding to 50 milliseconds. A bit value of '1' indicates the presence of a ring-tone, and a bit value of '0' indicates the absence of a ring-tone, for that duration (50 ms) (Note: A minimum number of octets required to encode the bit-string MUST be used).

The first two of the reserved octets MUST indicate the length of the encoded cadence (in bits) and MUST range between 1 and 264. (Note: The length in bits MUST also be consistent with the number of octets that encode the cadence). The MTA MUST ignore any unused bits in the last octet, but MUST reflect the value as provided on subsequent SNMP GETs.

The third of the reserved octets indicates 'repeatability' and MUST be either 0x80 or 0x00 -- the former value indicating 'non-repeatability', and the latter indicating 'repeatability'.

The MTA MUST reject attempts to set a value that violates any of the above requirements."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(4..36))

```
PktcSigType      ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
  " This object lists the various types of signaling that may
  be supported:
    other(1) - set when signaling other than NCS is used
    ncs(2)   - Network Call Signaling is a derivation of MGCP
               (Media Gateway Control Protocol) defined for
               IPCablecom/PacketCable MTAs."
SYNTAX INTEGER {
  other(1),
  ncs(2)
}
```

```
DtmfCode ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  STATUS    current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This TEXTUAL-CONVENTION represents the Dual-Tone
     Multi-Frequency (DTMF) Character used
     to indicate the start or end of the digit transition
     sequence used for caller id or Visual Message Waiting
     Indicator (VMWI).

    Note: The DTMF code '*' is indicated using 'dtmfcodeStar',
          and the DTMF code '#' is indicated using ' dtmfcodeHash'."

  SYNTAX   INTEGER {
    dtmfcode0(0),
    dtmfcode1(1),
    dtmfcode2(2),
    dtmfcode3(3),
    dtmfcode4(4),
    dtmfcode5(5),
    dtmfcode6(6),
    dtmfcode7(7),
    dtmfcode8(8),
    dtmfcode9(9),
    dtmfcodeStar(10),
    dtmfcodeHash(11),
    dtmfcodeA(12),
    dtmfcodeB(13),
    dtmfcodeC(14),
    dtmfcodeD(15)
  }

PktcSubscriberSideSigProtocol ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  STATUS    current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This TEXTUAL-CONVENTION represents the Signaling
     protocol being used for purposes such as caller id
     or VMWI.

    A value of fsk(1) indicates Frequency Shift Keying
     (FSK).
    A value of dtmf(2) indicates Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency
     (DTMF)."

  SYNTAX   INTEGER {
    fsk(1),
    dtmf(2)
  }

pktcSigMibObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pktcIetfSigMib 1 }
pktcSigDevObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
```

```

        { pktcSigMibObjects 1 }
pktcSigEndPntConfigObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pktcSigMibObjects 2 }

-- The codec table (pktcSigDevCodecTable) defines all combinations
-- of codecs supported by the Multimedia Terminal Adapter (MTA).
--
pktcSigDevCodecTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF PktcSigDevCodecEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This table describes the MTA-supported codec types. An MTA
        MUST populate this table with all possible combinations of
        codecs it supports for simultaneous operation. For example,
        an MTA with two endpoints may be designed with a particular
        Digital Signal Processing (DSP) and memory architecture that
        allows it to support the following fixed combinations of
        codecs for simultaneous operation:

```

Codec Type	Maximum Number of Simultaneous Codecs
PCMA	3
PCMA	2
PCMU	1
PCMA	1
PCMU	2
PCMU	3
PCMA	1
G729	1
G729	2
PCMU	1
G729	1

Based on this example, the entries in the codec table would be:

pktcSigDev CodecComboIndex	pktcSigDev CodecType	pktcSigDev CodecMax
1	pcma	3
2	pcma	2
2	pcm	1

3	pcma	1
3	pcm	2
4	pcm	3
5	pcma	1
5	g729	1
6	g729	2
7	pcm	1
7	g729	1

An operator querying this table is able to determine all possible codec combinations the MTA is capable of simultaneously supporting.

```
This table MUST NOT include non-voice codecs."
::= { pktcSigDevObjects 1 }

pktcSigDevCodecEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      PktcSigDevCodecEntry
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Each entry represents the maximum number of active
     connections with a particular codec the MTA is capable of
     supporting. Each row is indexed by a composite key
     consisting of a number enumerating the particular codec
     combination and the codec type."
  INDEX { pktcSigDevCodecComboIndex, pktcSigDevCodecType }
  ::= { pktcSigDevCodecTable 1 }

PktcSigDevCodecEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
  pktcSigDevCodecComboIndex      Unsigned32,
  pktcSigDevCodecType           PktcCodecType,
  pktcSigDevCodecMax            Unsigned32
}

pktcSigDevCodecComboIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (1..255)
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION
    " The index value that enumerates a particular codec
     combination in the pktcSigDevCodecTable."
  ::= { pktcSigDevCodecEntry 1 }

pktcSigDevCodecType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      PktcCodecType
  MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
  STATUS      current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
    " A codec type supported by this MTA."
::= { pktcSigDevCodecEntry 2 }

pktcSigDevCodecMax OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32(1..255)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " The maximum number of simultaneous sessions of a
     particular codec that the MTA can support."
::= { pktcSigDevCodecEntry 3 }

-- 
-- These are the common signaling-related definitions that affect
-- the entire MTA device.
--

pktcSigDevEchoCancellation OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      TruthValue
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object specifies if the device is capable of echo
     cancellation. The MTA MUST set this MIB object to a
     value of true(1) if it is capable of echo
     cancellation, and a value of false(2) if not."
::= { pktcSigDevObjects 2 }

pktcSigDevSilenceSuppression OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      TruthValue
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object specifies if the device is capable of
     silence suppression (as a result of Voice Activity
     Detection). The MTA MUST set this MIB object to a
     value of true(1) if it is capable of silence
     suppression, and a value of false(2) if not."
::= { pktcSigDevObjects 3 }

pktcSigDevCidSigProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcSubscriberSideSigProtocol
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This object is used to configure the subscriber-line
     protocol used for signaling on-hook caller id information.
```

Different countries define different caller id signaling protocols to support caller identification.

Setting this object at a value fsk(1) sets the subscriber line protocol to be Frequency Shift Keying (FSK).

Setting this object at a value dtmf(2) sets the subscriber line protocol to be Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

DEFVAL { fsk }

::= { pktcSigDevObjects 4 }

pktcSigDevR0Cadence OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies ring cadence 0 (a user-defined field).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

::= { pktcSigDevObjects 5 }

pktcSigDevR1Cadence OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies ring cadence 1 (a user-defined field).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

::= { pktcSigDevObjects 6 }

pktcSigDevR2Cadence OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies ring cadence 2 (a user-defined field).

```
The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 7 }

pktcSigDevR3Cadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies ring cadence 3 (a user-defined
field).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 8 }

pktcSigDevR4Cadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies ring cadence 4 (a user-defined
field).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 9 }

pktcSigDevR5Cadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies ring cadence 5 (a user-defined
field).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 10 }

pktcSigDevR6Cadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies ring cadence 6 (a user-defined
field).
```

```
The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 11 }

pktcSigDevR7Cadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object specifies ring cadence 7 (a user-defined
     field).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 12 }

pktcSigDevRgCadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object specifies ring cadence rg (a user-defined
     field).

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 13 }

pktcSigDevRsCadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object specifies ring cadence rs (a user-defined
     field). The MTA MUST reject any attempt to make this object
     repeatable.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA
reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 14 }

pktcSigDefCallSigDscp   OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Dscp -- RFC 3289: DIFFSERV-DSCP-TC
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " The default value used in the IP header for setting the
     Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value for call
```

signaling.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

DEFVAL { 0 }
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 15 }

pktcSigDefMediaStreamDscp OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Dscp -- RFC 3289: DIFFSERV-DSCP-TC

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This object contains the default value used in the IP header for setting the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value for media stream packets. The MTA MUST NOT update this object with the value supplied by the CMS in the NCS messages (if present). Any currently active connections are not affected by updates to this object. When the value of this object is updated by SNMP, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default starting only from new connections.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

DEFVAL { 0 }
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 16 }

--
-- pktcSigCapabilityTable - This table defines the valid signaling
-- types supported by this MTA.
--

pktcSigCapabilityTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PktcSigCapabilityEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This table describes the signaling types supported by this MTA."

::= { pktcSigDevObjects 17 }

pktcSigCapabilityEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PktcSigCapabilityEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" Entries in pktcMtaDevSigCapabilityTable - list of supported signaling types, versions, and vendor extensions

for this MTA. Each entry in the list provides for one signaling type and version combination. If the device supports multiple versions of the same signaling type, it will require multiple entries."

```

INDEX { pktcSigCapabilityIndex }
::= { pktcSigCapabilityTable 1 }

PktcSigCapabilityEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pktcSigCapabilityIndex            Unsigned32,
    pktcSigCapabilityType             PktcSigType,
    pktcSigCapabilityVersion          SnmpAdminString,
    pktcSigCapabilityVendorExt        SnmpAdminString
}

pktcSigCapabilityIndex      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Unsigned32 (1..255)
MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    " The index value that uniquely identifies an entry in the
     pktcSigCapabilityTable."
::= { pktcSigCapabilityEntry 1 }

pktcSigCapabilityType      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          PktcSigType
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object identifies the type of signaling used. This
     value has to be associated with a single signaling
     version."
::= { pktcSigCapabilityEntry 2 }

pktcSigCapabilityVersion    OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          SnmpAdminString
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    " Provides the version of the signaling type - reference
     pktcSigCapabilityType. Examples would be 1.0 or 2.33 etc."
::= { pktcSigCapabilityEntry 3 }

pktcSigCapabilityVendorExt   OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          SnmpAdminString
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    " The vendor extension allows vendors to provide a list of

```

additional capabilities.

The syntax for this MIB object in ABNF ([RFC5234]) is specified to be zero or more occurrences of vendor extensions, as follows:

```

pktcSigCapabilityVendorExt = *(vendor-extension)
vendor-extension = (ext symbol alphanum) DQUOTE ; DQUOTE
ext      = DQUOTE %x58 DQUOTE
symbol   = (DQUOTE %x2D DQUOTE)/(DQUOTE %x2D DQUOTE)
alphanum = 1*6(ALPHA/DIGIT)

"
 ::= { pktcSigCapabilityEntry 4 }

pktcSigDefNcsReceiveUdpPort OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      InetPortNumber (1025..65535)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  " This object contains the MTA User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
  receive port that is being used for NCS call signaling.
  This object should only be changed by the configuration
  file.

Unless changed via configuration, this MIB object MUST
reflect a value of '2427'."

REFERENCE
  "PacketCable NCS Specification"
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 18 }

pktcSigPowerRingFrequency   OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
f20Hz(1),
f25Hz(2),
f33Point33Hz(3),
f50Hz(4),
f15Hz(5),
f16Hz(6),
f22Hz(7),
f23Hz(8),
f45Hz(9)
}
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
  " This object must only be provided via the configuration
  file during the provisioning process.  The power ring

```

frequency is the frequency at which the sinusoidal voltage must travel down the twisted pair to make terminal equipment ring. Different countries define different electrical characteristics to make terminal equipment ring.

The f20Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 20 Hertz. The f25Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 25 Hertz. The f33Point33Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 33.33 Hertz. The f50Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 50 Hertz. The f15Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 15 Hertz. The f16Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 16 Hertz. The f22Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 22 Hertz. The f23Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 23 Hertz. The f45Hz setting corresponds to a power ring frequency of 45 Hertz."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-001"
`::= { pktcSigDevObjects 19 }`

pktcSigPulseSignalTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PktcSigPulseSignalEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
`" The Pulse signal table defines the pulse signal operation. There are nine types of international pulse signals, with each signal having a set of provisonable parameters. The values of the MIB objects in this table take effect only if these parameters are not defined via signaling, in which case, the latter determines the values of the parameters. The MIB objects in this table do not persist across MTA reboots."`

REFERENCE

"ETSI-TS-101-909-4 Specification"
`::= { pktcSigDevObjects 20 }`

pktcSigPulseSignalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX PktcSigPulseSignalEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
`" This object defines the set of parameters associated with each particular value of pktcSigPulseSignalType. Each entry in the pktcSigPulseSignalTable is indexed by the pktcSigPulseSignalType object."`

```

The conceptual rows MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."
INDEX { pktcSigPulseSignalType }
::= { pktcSigPulseSignalTable 1 }

PktcSigPulseSignalEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pktcSigPulseSignalType             INTEGER,
    pktcSigPulseSignalFrequency       INTEGER,
    pktcSigPulseSignalDbLevel         TenthdBm,
    pktcSigPulseSignalDuration        Unsigned32,
    pktcSigPulseSignalPulseInterval   Unsigned32,
    pktcSigPulseSignalRepeatCount     Unsigned32
}

pktcSigPulseSignalType      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER
    {
        initialRing(1),
        pulseLoopClose(2),
        pulseLoopOpen(3),
        enableMeterPulse(4),
        meterPulseBurst(5),
        pulseNoBattery(6),
        pulseNormalPolarity(7),
        pulseReducedBattery(8),
        pulseReversePolarity(9)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "There are nine types of international pulse signals. These
         signals are defined as follows:
         initial ring
         pulse loop close
         pulse loop open
         enable meter pulse
         meter pulse burst
         pulse no battery
         pulse normal polarity
         pulse reduced battery
         pulse reverse polarity"
    REFERENCE
        "ETSI-EN-300-324-1 Specification"

    ::= { pktcSigPulseSignalEntry 1 }

pktcSigPulseSignalFrequency      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
        twentyfive(1),

```

```

        twelvethousand(2),
        sixteenthsousand(3)
    }
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object is only applicable to the initialRing,
     enableMeterPulse, and meterPulseBurst signal types. This
     object identifies the frequency of the generated signal.
     The following table defines the default values for this
     object depending on signal type:

pktcSigPulseSignalType      Default
initialRing                  25
enableMeterPulse             16000
meterPulseBurst              16000

The value of twentyfive MUST only be used for the
initialRing signal type. The values of twelvethousand and
sixteenthsousand MUST only be used for enableMeterPulse and
meterPulseBurst signal types. An attempt to set this
object while the value of pktcSigPulseSignalType is not
initialRing, enableMeterPulse, or meterPulseBurst will
result in an 'inconsistentValue' error."
REFERENCE
    "ETSI-EN-300-001 Specification"
    ::= { pktcSigPulseSignalEntry 2}

pktcSigPulseSignalDbLevel    OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          TenthdBm (-350..0)
UNITS           "1/10 of a dBm"
MAX-ACCESS      read-write
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object is only applicable to the enableMeterPulse and
     meterPulseBurst signal types. This is the decibel level
     for each frequency at which tones could be generated at
     the a and b terminals (TE connection point). An attempt to
     set this object while the value of pktcSigPulseSignalType
     is not enableMeterPulse or meterPulseBurst will result in
     an 'inconsistentValue' error."
REFERENCE
    "ETSI-EN-300-001 Specification"

DEFVAL { -135 }
 ::= {pktcSigPulseSignalEntry 3 }

pktcSigPulseSignalDuration   OBJECT-TYPE

```

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..5000)
UNITS "Milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 " This object specifies the pulse duration for each signal type. In addition, the MTA must accept the values in the incremental steps specific for each signal type. The following table defines the default values and the incremental steps for this object depending on the signal type:

pktcSigPulseSignaltypes	Default (ms)	Increment (ms)
initialRing	200	50
pulseLoopClose	200	10
pulseLoopOpen	200	10
enableMeterPulse	150	10
meterPulseBurst	150	10
pulseNoBattery	200	10
pulseNormalPolarity	200	10
pulseReducedBattery	200	10
pulseReversePolarity	200	10

An attempt to set this object to a value that does not fall on one of the increment boundaries, or on the wrong increment boundary for the specific signal type, will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error."

REFERENCE
 "ETSI-EN-300-324-1 Specification"
 ::= {pktcSigPulseSignalEntry 4 }

pktcSigPulseSignalPulseInterval OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..5000)
UNITS "Milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 " This object specifies the repeat interval, or the period, for each signal type. In addition, the MTA must accept the values in the incremental steps specific for each signal type. The following table defines the default values and the incremental steps for this object, depending on the signal type:

pktcSigPulseSignaltypes	Default (ms)	Increment (ms)
initialRing	200	50
pulseLoopClose	1000	10
pulseLoopOpen	1000	10

enableMeterPulse	1000	10
meterPulseBurst	1000	10
pulseNoBattery	1000	10
pulseNormalPolarity	1000	10
pulseReducedBattery	1000	10
pulseReversePolarity	1000	10

An attempt to set this object to a value that does not fall on one of the increment boundaries, or on the wrong increment boundary for the specific signal type, will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-324-1 Specification"
 ::= { pktcSigPulseSignalEntry 5}

pktcSigPulseSignalRepeatCount OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..50)
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 " This object specifies how many times to repeat a pulse.
 This object is not used by the enableMeterPulse signal type, and in that case, the value is irrelevant. The following table defines the default values and the valid ranges for this object, depending on the signal type:

pktcSigPulseSignaltyp	Default	Range
initialRing	1	1-5
pulseLoopClose	1	1-50
pulseLoopOpen	1	1-50
enableMeterPulse	(any value)(but not used)	
meterPulseBurst	1	1-50
pulseNoBattery	1	1-50
pulseNormalPolarity	1	1-50
pulseReducedBattery	1	1-50
pulseReversePolarity	1	1-50

An attempt to set this object to a value that does not fall within the range for the specific signal type will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error."

::={ pktcSigPulseSignalEntry 6 }

pktcSigDevCidMode OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX INTEGER {
 duringRingingETS(1),
 dtAsETS(2),
 rpAsETS(3),

```

        lrAsETS(4),
        lrETS(5)
    }
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    " For on-hook caller id, pktcSigDevCidMode selects the method
     for representing and signaling caller identification. For
     the duringRingingETS method, the Frequency Shift Keying
     (FSK) or the Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) containing
     the caller identification information is sent between the
     first and second ring pattern.

```

For the dtAsETS, rpAsETS, lrAsETS and lrETS methods, the FSK or DTMF containing the caller id information is sent before the first ring pattern.

For the dtAsETS method, the FSK or DTMF is sent after the Dual Tone Alert Signal. For the rpAsETS method, the FSK or DTMF is sent after a Ring Pulse.

For the lrAsETS method, the Line Reversal occurs first, then the Dual Tone Alert Signal, and, finally, the FSK or DTMF is sent.

For the lrETS method, the Line Reversal occurs first, then the FSK or DTMF is sent.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

```

DEFVAL { rpAsETS}
 ::= {pktcSigDevObjects 21 }

```

```

pktcSigDevCidAfterRing      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (0|50..2000)
UNITS      "Milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object specifies the delay between the end of first
     ringing pattern and the start of the transmission of the
     FSK or DTMF containing the caller id information. It is
     only used when pktcSigDevCidMode is set to a value of
     'duringRingingETS'.

```

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type

(pktcSigDevCidMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevCidMode	Default value
duringringingETS	550 ms
dtAsETS	any value (not used)
rpAsETS	any value (not used)
lrAsETS	any value (not used)
lrETS	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevCidMode is not duringringingETS will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

```
DEFVAL { 550 }
 ::= {pktcSigDevObjects 22 }
```

pktcSigDevCidAfterDTAS OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0|45..500)
 UNITS "Milliseconds"
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 " This object specifies the delay between the end of the Dual Tone Alert Signal (DT-AS) and the start of the transmission of the FSK or DTMF containing the caller id information. This object is only used when pktcSigDevCidMode is set to a value of 'dtAsETS' or 'lrAsETS' ."

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevCidMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevCidMode	Default value
duringringingETS	any value (not used)
dtAsETS	50 ms
rpAsETS	any value (not used)
lrAsETS	50 ms
lrETS	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of

`pktcSigDevCidMode` is not '`dtAsETS`' or '`lrAsETS`' will result in an '`inconsistentValue`' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

DEFVAL { 50 }

::= {`pktcSigDevObjects` 23 }

`pktcSigDevCidAfterRPAS` OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0|500..800)

UNITS "Milliseconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This object specifies the delay between the end of the Ring Pulse Alert Signal (RP-AS) and the start of the transmission of the FSK or DTMF containing the caller id information. This MIB object is only used when `pktcSigDevCidMode` is set to a value of '`rpAsETS`'. The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (`pktcSigDevCidMode`), and MUST be followed:

Value of <code>pktcSigDevCidMode</code>	Default value
duringringingETS	any value (not used)
<code>dtAsETS</code>	any value (not used)
<code>rpAsETS</code>	650 ms
<code>lrAsETS</code>	any value (not used)
<code>lrETS</code>	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of `pktcSigDevCidMode` is not '`rpAsETS`' will result in an '`inconsistentValue`' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

DEFVAL { 650 }

::= {`pktcSigDevObjects` 24 }

`pktcSigDevRingAfterCID` OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0|50..500)

UNITS "Milliseconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This object specifies the delay between the end of the complete transmission of the FSK or DTMF containing the caller id information and the start of the first ring pattern. It is only used when pktcSigDevCidMode is set to a value of 'dtAsETS', 'rpAsETS', 'lrAsETS' or 'lrETS'.

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevCidMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevCidMode	Default value
duringringingETS	any value (not used)
dtAsETS	250 ms
rpAsETS	250 ms
lrAsETS	250 ms
lrETS	250 ms

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevCidMode is not 'dtAsETS', 'rpAsETS', 'lrAsETS', or 'lrETS' will result in an 'inconsistent value' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

DEFVAL { 250 }

::= {pktcSigDevObjects 25 }

pktcSigDevCidDTASAAfterLR OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (50..655)

UNITS "Milliseconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This object specifies the delay between the end of the Line Reversal and the start of the Dual Tone Alert Signal (DT-AS). This object is only used when pktcSigDevCidMode is set to a value of 'lrAsETS'.

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevCidMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevCidMode	Default value
duringringingETS	any value (not used)
dtAsETS	any value (not used)
rpAsETS	any value (not used)
lrAsETS	250 ms
lrETS	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevCidMode is not lrAsETS will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

DEFVAL { 250 }

::= {pktcSigDevObjects 26 }

pktcSigDevVmwiMode OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 dtAsETS(1),
 rpAsETS(2),
 lrAsETS(3),
 osi(4),
 lrETS(5)
 }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" For visual message waiting indicator (VMWI), pktcSigDevVmwiMode selects the alerting signal method. For the dtAsETS, rpAsETS, lrAsETS, osi, and lrETS methods, the FSK containing the VMWI information is sent after an alerting signal.

For the dtAsETS method, the FSK, or DTMF is sent after the Dual Tone Alert Signal. For the rpAsETS method, the FSK or DTMF is sent after a Ring Pulse.

For the lrAsETS method, the Line Reversal occurs first, then the Dual Tone Alert Signal, and, finally, the FSK or DTMF is sent.

For the OSI method, the FSK or DTMF is sent after the Open Switching Interval.

For the lrETS method, the Line Reversal occurs first, then the FSK or DTMF is sent.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

```
DEFVAL { rpAsETS }
```

```
::= {pktcSigDevObjects 27 }
```

```
pktcSigDevVmwiAfterDTAS OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0|45..500)
UNITS "Milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
" This object specifies the delay between the end of the
Dual Tone Alert Signal (DT-AS) and the start of the
transmission of the FSK or DTMF containing the VMWI
information.
```

This object is only used when pktcSigDevVmwiMode is set to a value of 'dtAsETS' or 'lrAsETS'.

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevVmwiMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode	Default value
dtAsETS	50 ms
rpAsETS	any value (not used)
lrAsETS	50 ms
lrETS	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode is not 'dtAsETS' or 'lrAsETS' will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

```
DEFVAL { 50 }
```

```
::= {pktcSigDevObjects 28 }
```

```
pktcSigDevVmwiAfterRPAS OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0|500..800)
```

UNITS "Milliseconds"
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 " This object specifies the delay between the end of the Ring Pulse Alert Signal (RP-AS) and the start of the transmission of the FSK or DTMF containing the VMWI information.

This object is only used when pktcSigDevVmwiMode is set to a value of 'rpAsETS'.

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevVmwiMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode	Default value
dtAsETS	any value (not used)
rpAsETS	650 ms
lrAsETS	any value (not used)
lrETS	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode is not 'rpAsETS' will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE
 "ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"
 DEFVAL { 650 }
 ::= {pktcSigDevObjects 29 }

pktcSigDevVmwiDTASAfterLR OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0|50..655)
 UNITS "Milliseconds"
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 " This object specifies the delay between the end of the Line Reversal and the start of the Dual Tone Alert Signal (DT-AS) for VMWI information. This object is only used when pktcSigDevVmwiMode is set to a value of 'lrAsETS'.

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevVmwiMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode	Default value
dtAsETS	any value (not used)
rpAsETS	any value (not used)
lrAsETS	250 ms
lrETS	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode is not 'lrAsETS' will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification"

DEFVAL { 250 }

::= {pktcSigDevObjects 30 }

pktcSigDevRingCadenceTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PktcSigDevRingCadenceEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Cadence rings are defined by the telco governing body for each country. The MTA must be able to support various ranges of cadence patterns and cadence periods. The MTA will be able to support country-specific provisioning of the cadence and idle period. Each cadence pattern will be assigned a unique value ranging from 0-127 (inclusive) corresponding to the value of x, where x is the value sent in the cadence ringing (cr) signal cr(x), requested per the appropriate NCS message, and defined in the E package. The MTA will derive the cadence periods from the ring cadence table entry, as provisioned by the customer. The MTA is allowed to provide appropriate default values for each of the ring cadences. This table only needs to be supported when the MTA implements the E package."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-TS-101-909-4 Specification"

::= { pktcSigDevObjects 31 }

pktcSigDevRingCadenceEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PktcSigDevRingCadenceEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

```

" Each entry in this row corresponds to a ring cadence
that is being supported by the device. The conceptual
rows MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."
INDEX { pktcSigDevRingCadenceIndex }
::= { pktcSigDevRingCadenceTable 1 }

PktcSigDevRingCadenceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pktcSigDevRingCadenceIndex          Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevRingCadence              PktcRingCadence
}

pktcSigDevRingCadenceIndex      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Unsigned32 (0..127)
MAX-ACCESS     not-accessible
STATUS         current
DESCRIPTION
    " A unique value ranging from 0 to 127 that corresponds to the
    value sent by the LE based on country-specific cadences,
    one row per cadence cycle. In any given system
    implementation for a particular country, it is anticipated
    that a small number of ring cadences will be in use. Thus,
    this table most likely will not be populated to its full
    size."
::= { pktcSigDevRingCadenceEntry 1 }

PktcSigDevRingCadence      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          PktcRingCadence
MAX-ACCESS     read-write
STATUS         current
DESCRIPTION
    "This is the Ring Cadence."
::= { pktcSigDevRingCadenceEntry 2 }

pktcSigDevToneTable      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          SEQUENCE OF PktcSigDevToneEntry
MAX-ACCESS     not-accessible
STATUS         current
DESCRIPTION
    " The Tone Table defines the composition of tones and
    various tone operations.

    The definition of the tones callWaiting1 through
    callWaiting4 in this table MUST only contain the
    audible tone itself; the delay between tones or the value
    of the tone repeat count are not applicable for the call
    waiting tones.

```

The delay between tones or the repeat count is controlled by the objects `pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingDelay` and `pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingMaxRep`. If the `pktcSigDevToneType` is set to either of the values `callWaiting1`, `callWaiting2`, `callWaiting3`, or `callWaiting4`, then the value of the `pktcSigDevToneWholeToneRepeatCount` object indicates that the particular frequency group is applicable, as a repeatable part of the tone, based on the value of the MIB object `pktcSigDevToneWholeToneRepeatCount`.

The MTA MUST make sure that, after the provisioning cycle, the table is fully populated (i.e., for each possible index, an entry MUST be defined) using reasonable defaults for each row that was not defined by the provisioning information delivered via MTA Configuration.

The frequency composition of each tone is defined by the `pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable`. For each tone type defined in `pktcSigDevToneTable`, the MTA MUST populate at least one entry in the `pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable`.

For each particular value of `pktcSigDevToneType`, the `pktcSigDevToneTable` table can define non-repeating and repeating groups of the frequencies defined by the `pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable`, such that each group is represented by the set of the consecutive rows (frequency group) in the `pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable`.

Objects in this table do not persist across MTA reboots. For tones with multiple frequencies refer to the MIB table `pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable`.

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification, ETSI-TS-101-909-4 Specification."

`::= { pktcSigDevObjects 32 }`

```
pktcSigDevToneEntry      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcSigDevToneEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS     current
DESCRIPTION
" The different tone types that can be provisioned based on
country-specific needs.
```

Each entry contains the tone generation parameters for a specific frequency group of the specific Tone Type.

The different parameters can be provisioned via MTA configuration based on country specific needs.

An MTA MUST populate all entries of this table for each tone type."

```

INDEX { pktcSigDevToneType, pktcSigDevToneFreqGroup }
 ::= { pktcSigDevToneTable 1 }

PktcSigDevToneEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pktcSigDevToneType                  INTEGER,
    pktcSigDevToneFreqGroup             Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneFreqCounter          Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneWholeToneRepeatCount Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneSteady               TruthValue
}

pktcSigDevToneType      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
    busy(1),
    confirmation(2),
    dial(3),
    messageWaiting(4),
    offHookWarning(5),
    ringBack(6),
    reOrder(7),
    stutterdial(8),
    callWaiting1(9),
    callWaiting2(10),
    callWaiting3(11),
    callWaiting4(12),
    alertingSignal(13),
    specialDial(14),
    specialInfo(15),
    release(16),
    congestion(17),
    userDefined1(18),
    userDefined2(19),
    userDefined3(20),
    userDefined4(21)
}
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "A unique value that will correspond to the different tone types. These tones can be provisioned based on country-specific needs. This object defines the type of tone being accessed.

The alertingSignal, specialDial, specialInfo, release,
```

```
congestion, userDefined1, userDefined2, userDefined3,
and userDefined4 tone types are used in
the E line package."
 ::= { pktcSigDevToneEntry 1 }

pktcSigDevToneFreqGroup OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32(1..4)
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This MIB object represents the Tone Sequence reference
         of a multi-sequence tone."
 ::= { pktcSigDevToneEntry 2 }

pktcSigDevToneFreqCounter OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32(1..8)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This MIB object represents the number of consecutive
         multi-frequency tones for the particular tone type in
         the multi-frequency table (pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable).

Such a sequence of the consecutive multi-frequency tones
forms the tone group for the particular tone type in the
pktcSigDevToneTable."
 ::= { pktcSigDevToneEntry 3 }

pktcSigDevToneWholeToneRepeatCount      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (0..5000)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This is the repeat count, which signifies how many times
         to repeat the entire on-off cadence sequence. Setting this
         object may result in a cadence duration longer or shorter
         than the overall signal duration specified by the time out
         (TO) object for a particular signal. If the repeat count
         results in a longer tone duration than the signal duration
         specified by the TO, the tone duration defined by the
         TO object for a particular signal always represents
         the overall signal duration for a tone. In this case, the
         tone duration repeat count will not be fully exercised, and
         the desired tone duration will be truncated per the TO
         setting. If the repeat count results in a shorter tone
         duration than the signal duration specified by the TO, the
         tone duration defined by the repeat count takes precedence
         over the TO and will end the signal event. In this case,
```

the TO represents a time not to be exceeded for the signal. It is recommended to ensure proper telephony signaling so that the TO duration setting should always be longer than the desired repeat count-time duration."

```
 ::= { pktcSigDevToneEntry 4 }
```

pktcSigDevToneSteady OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This MIB object represents the steady tone status. A value of 'true(1)' indicates that the steady tone is applied, and a value of 'false(2)' indicates otherwise. Devices must play out the on-off cadence sequence for the number of times indicated by the MIB object 'pktcSigDevToneWholeToneRepeatCount' prior to applying the last tone steadily, indefinitely. If the MIB table 'pktcSigDevToneTable' contains multiple rows with this Object set to a value of 'true(1)', the steady tone is applied to the last repeating frequency group of the tone.

Setting this MIB object may result in a tone duration that is longer or shorter than the overall signal duration specified by the time out (TO) MIB object for a particular signal. If the repeat count results in a longer tone duration than the signal duration specified by the TO, the tone duration defined by the TO object for a particular signal always represents the overall signal duration for a tone. In this case, the tone duration repeat count will not be fully exercised, and the desired tone duration will be truncated per the TO setting. If the repeat count results in a shorter tone duration than the signal duration specified by the TO, the tone duration defined by the repeat count takes precedence over the TO and will end the signal event. In this case, the TO represents a time not to be exceeded for the signal.

It is recommended to ensure proper telephony signaling that The TO duration setting should always be longer than the desired repeat count-time duration, plus the desired maximum steady tone period."

```
 ::= { pktcSigDevToneEntry 5 }
```

pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This MIB table defines the characteristics of tones with multiple frequencies. The constraints imposed on the tones by the MIB table pktcSigDevToneTable need to be considered for MIB objects in this table as well.

The MTA MUST populate the corresponding row(s) of the pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable for each tone defined in the pktcSigDevToneTable.

The contents of the table may be provisioned via MTA configuration."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification, ETSI-TS-101-909-4 Specification."

::= { pktcSigDevObjects 33 }

```

pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          PktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry
    MAX-ACCESS     not-accessible
    STATUS         current
DESCRIPTION
    " The different tone types with multiple frequencies
     that can be provisioned based on country-specific
     needs."
INDEX {pktcSigDevToneType, pktcSigDevToneNumber}
::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable 1 }

```

```

PktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pktcSigDevToneNumber                  Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneFirstFreqValue          Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneSecondFreqValue         Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneThirdFreqValue          Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneFourthFreqValue         Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneFreqMode                INTEGER,
    pktcSigDevToneFreqAmpModePrtg        Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneDbLevel                TenthdBm,
    pktcSigDevToneFreqOnDuration         Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneFreqOffDuration        Unsigned32,
    pktcSigDevToneFreqRepeatCount        Unsigned32
}

```

```

pktcSigDevToneNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          Unsigned32(1..8)
    MAX-ACCESS     not-accessible
    STATUS         current
DESCRIPTION

```

```
"This MIB object represents the frequency reference
of a multi-frequency tone."
 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 1}

pktcSigDevToneFirstFreqValue      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..4000)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB object represents the value of the first
     frequency of a tone type. A value of zero implies
     absence of the referenced frequency."
 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 2}

pktcSigDevToneSecondFreqValue    OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..4000)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB object represents the value of the second
     frequency of a tone type. A value of zero implies
     absence of the referenced frequency."
 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 3}

pktcSigDevToneThirdFreqValue     OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..4000)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB object represents the value of the third
     frequency of a tone type. A value of zero implies
     absence of the referenced frequency."
 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 4}

pktcSigDevToneFourthFreqValue    OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..4000)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB object represents the value of the fourth
     frequency of a tone type. A value of zero implies
     absence of the referenced frequency."
 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 5}

pktcSigDevToneFreqMode OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
            firstModulatedBySecond(1),
            summation(2)
```

```

        }
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
"This MIB object provides directive on the
modulation or summation of the frequencies
involved in the tone.

```

It is to be noted that while summation can be done without any constraint on the number of frequencies, the modulation (amplitude) holds good only when there are two frequencies (first and second).

Thus:

- If the mode is set to a value of 'firstModulatedBySecond(1)', the first frequency MUST be modulated by the second, and the remaining frequencies (third and fourth) ignored. The percentage of amplitude modulation to be applied is defined by the MIB object pktcSigDevToneFreqAmpModePrtg.
- If the mode is set to a value of 'summation(2)', all the frequencies MUST be summed without any modulation.

```

":={ pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 6}

pktcSigDevToneFreqAmpModePrtg OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..100)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
"This MIB object represents the percentage of amplitude
modulation applied to the second frequency
when the MIB object pktcSigDevToneFreqMode is
set to a value of 'firstModulatedBySecond (1)'.

If the MIB object pktcSigDevToneFreqMode is set to
value of 'summation (2)', then this MIB object MUST be
ignored."
":={ pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 7}

```

```

pktcSigDevToneDbLevel   OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      TenthdBm (-250..-110)
UNITS      "1/10 of a dBm"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only

```

```

STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
"This MIB object contains the decibel level for each
analog signal (tone) that is locally generated
(versus in-band supervisory tones) and sourced to
the a-b terminals (TE connection point). Each tone
in itself may consist of multiple frequencies, as
defined by the MIB table pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable.

This MIB object reflects the desired level at
the Telco (POTS) a-b (T/R) terminals, including the
effect of any MTA receiver gain (loss). This is required
so that locally generated tones are consistent with
remotely generated in-band tones at the a-b terminals,
consistent with user expectations.

This MIB object must be set for each tone.
When tones are formed by combining multi-frequencies,
the level of each frequency shall be set so as to result
in the tone level specified in this object at the a-b
(T/R) terminals.

The wide range of levels for this Object is required
to provide signal-generator levels across the wide
range of gains (losses) -- but does not imply the entire
range is to be achievable given the range of gains (losses)
in the MTA."
DEFVAL { -120 }
 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 8}

pktcSigDevToneFreqOnDuration OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..5000)
  UNITS       "milliseconds"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB object represents the duration for which the
     frequency reference corresponding to the tone type
     is turned on."
  ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 9}

pktcSigDevToneFreqOffDuration OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..5000)
  UNITS       "milliseconds"
  MAX-ACCESS  read-only
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB object represents the duration for which the

```

```

frequency reference corresponding to the tone type
is turned off."
 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 10 }

```

```

pktcSigDevToneFreqRepeatCount OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32(0..5000)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
"This MIB object indicates the number of times
to repeat the cadence cycle represented by the
on/off durations (refer to the MIB objects
pktcSigDevToneFreqOnDuration and
pktcSigDevToneFreqOffDuration).

```

Setting this object may result in a tone duration that is longer or shorter than the overall signal duration specified by the time out (TO) object for the corresponding tone type. If the value of this MIB Object indicates a longer duration than that specified by the TO, the latter overrules the former, and the desired tone duration will be truncated according to the TO.

However, if the repeat count results in a shorter tone duration than the signal duration specified by the TO, the tone duration defined by the repeat count takes precedence over the TO and will end the signal event. In this case, the TO represents a time not to be exceeded for the signal. It is recommended, to ensure proper telephony signaling, that the TO duration setting should always be longer than the desired repeat count-time duration. A value of zero means the tone sequence is to be played once but not repeated."

```

 ::= { pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneEntry 11 }

```

```

pktcSigDevCidDelayAfterLR OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (300..800)
UNITS       "Milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
"This object specifies the delay between the end of the
Line Reversal and the start of the FSK or DTMF signal.
This MIB object is used only when pktcSigDevCidMode is
set to a value of 'lrETS'. This timing has a range of
300 to 800 ms.

```

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevCidMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevCidMode	Default value
duringringingETS	any value (not used)
dtAsETS	any value (not used)
rpAsETS	any value (not used)
lrAsETS	any value (not used)
lrETS	400

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevCidMode is not set to a value of 'lrETS' will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

```
DEFVAL { 400 }
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 34 }
```

```
pktcSigDevCidDtmfStartCode OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX      DtmfCode
  MAX-ACCESS  read-write
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This object identifies optional start codes used when
     the MIB object pktcSigDevCidSigProtocol is set
     to a value of 'dtmf(2)'.
```

Different countries define different caller id signaling codes to support caller identification. When Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) is used, the caller id digits are preceded by a 'start code' digit, followed by the digit transmission sequence <S1>...<Sn> (where Sx represents the digits 0-9), and terminated by the 'end code' digit.

For example,

```
<A><S1>...<Sn> <D><S1>...<Sn> <B><S1>...<Sn> <C>.
The start code for calling number delivery may be DTMF
'A' or 'D'. The start code for redirecting a number may be
DTMF 'D'. The DTMF code 'B' may be sent by the network
as a start code for the transfer of information values,
through which special events can be indicated to the
user. In some countries, the '*' or '#' may be used
instead of 'A', 'B', 'C', or 'D'.
```

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA

```

        reboots."
REFERENCE
    "ETSI-EN-300-659-1 specification"
DEFVAL {dtmfcodeA}
::= { pktcSigDevObjects 35 }

pktcSigDevCidDtmfEndCode OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      DtmfCode
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This object identifies optional end codes used when the
     pktcSigDevCidSigProtocol is set to a value of
     'dtmf(2)'.

```

Different countries define different caller id signaling protocols to support caller identification. When Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) is used, the caller id digits are preceded by a 'start code' digit, followed by the digit transmission sequence <S1>...<Sn> (where Sx represents the digits 0-9), and terminated by the 'end code' digit.

For example,

<A><S1>...<Sn> <D><S1>...<Sn> <S1>...<Sn> <C>.

The DTMF code 'C' may be sent by the network as an end code for the transfer of information values, through which special events can be indicated to the user. In some countries, the '*' or '#' may be used instead of 'A', 'B', 'C', or 'D'.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

```

REFERENCE
    "ETSI-EN-300-659-1 specification"
DEFVAL {dtmfcodeC}
::= { pktcSigDevObjects 36 }

```

```

pktcSigDevVmwiSigProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      PktcSubscriberSideSigProtocol
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This object identifies the subscriber line protocol used
     for signaling the information on Visual Message Waiting
     Indicator (VMWI). Different countries define different
     VMWI signaling protocols to support VMWI service.

```

Frequency shift keying (FSK) is most commonly used.
DTMF is an alternative.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

```
DEFVAL { fsk }
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 37 }
```

```
pktcSigDevVmwiDelayAfterLR OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (0|300..800)
    UNITS      "Milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object specifies the delay between the end of the Line Reversal and the start of the FSK or DTMF signal. This object is only used when pktcSigDevVmwiMode is set to a value of 'lrETS'. This timing has a range of 300 to 800 ms."
```

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevVmwiMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode	Default value
duringringingETS	any value (not used)
dtAsETS	any value (not used)
rpAsETS	any value (not used)
lrAsETS	any value (not used)
lrETS	400

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevVmwiMode is not 'lrETS' will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

```
DEFVAL {400}
 ::= {pktcSigDevObjects 38 }
```

```
pktcSigDevVmwiDtmfStartCode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      DtmfCode
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object identifies optional start codes used when
```

the `pktcSigDevVmwiSigProtocol` is set to a value of '`dtnmf(2)`'. Different countries define different On Hook Data Transmission Protocol signaling codes to support VMWI.

When Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) is used, the VMWI digits are preceded by a 'start code' digit, followed by the digit transmission sequence `<S1>...<Sn>` (where `Sx` represents the digits 0-9), and terminated by the 'end code' digit.

For example,

```
<A><S1>...<Sn> <D><S1>...<Sn> <B><S1>...<Sn> <C>.
```

The start code for redirecting VMWI may be DTMF 'D'. The DTMF code 'B' may be sent by the network as a start code for the transfer of information values, through which special events can be indicated to the user. In some countries, the '*' or '#' may be used instead of 'A', 'B', 'C', or 'D'.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 specification"

```
DEFVAL {dtnmfcodeA}
 ::= { pktcSigDevObjects 39 }
```

`pktcSigDevVmwiDtmfEndCode` OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	DtmfCode
MAX-ACCESS	read-write
STATUS	current

DESCRIPTION

"This object identifies an optional end code used when the `pktcSigDevVmwiSigProtocol` is set to a value of '`dtnmf(2)`'. Different countries define different on-hook Data Transmission Protocol signaling codes to support VMWI.

When Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) is used, the VMWI digits are preceded by a 'start code' digit, followed by the digit transmission sequence `<S1>...<Sn>` (where `Sx` represents the digits 0-9), and terminated by the 'end code' digit.

For example,

```
<A><S1>...<Sn> <D><S1>...<Sn> <B><S1>...<Sn> <C>.
```

The DTMF code 'C' may be sent by the network as an end code for the transfer of information values, through which special events can be indicated to the user. In some countries, the '*' or '#' may be used instead of 'A', 'B', 'C', or 'D'.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 specification"

DEFVAL {dtmfcodeC}

::= {pktcSigDevObjects 40 }

pktcSigDevrpAsDtsDuration OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0 200..500) UNITS "Milliseconds" MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION " This object specifies the duration of the rpASDTS ring pulse prior to the start of the transmission of the FSK or DTMF containing the caller id information. It is only used when pktcSigDevCidMode is set to a value of 'rpAsETS'. "
--

The following table defines the default values for this MIB object, depending on the signal type (pktcSigDevCidMode), and MUST be followed:

Value of pktcSigDevCidMode	Default value
duringringingETS	any value (not used)
dtAsETS	any value (not used)
rpAsETS	250
lrAsETS	any value (not used)
lrETS	any value (not used)

An attempt to set this object while the value of pktcSigDevCidMode is not 'rpAsETS' will result in an 'inconsistentValue' error.

The value of this MIB object MUST NOT persist across MTA reboots."

REFERENCE

"ETSI-EN-300-659-1 Specification and Belgacom BGC_D_48_9811_30_09_EDOC version 3.3"

DEFVAL { 250 }

::= {pktcSigDevObjects 41 }

```

-- 
-- The Endpoint Config Table is used to define attributes that
-- are specific to connection EndPoints.
-- 

pktcSigEndPntConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF PktcSigEndPntConfigEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This table describes the information pertaining to each
         endpoint of the MTA. All entries in this table represent
         the provisioned endpoints provisioned with the information
         required by the MTA to maintain the NCS protocol
         communication with the CMS. Each endpoint can be assigned
         to its own CMS. If the specific endpoint does not have
         the corresponding CMS information in this table, the
         endpoint is considered as not provisioned with voice
         services. Objects in this table do not persist across
         MTA reboots."
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigObjects 1 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      PktcSigEndPntConfigEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Each entry in the pktcSigEndPntConfigTable represents
         required signaling parameters for the specific endpoint
         provisioned with voice services. The conceptual rows MUST
         NOT persist across MTA reboots."
 INDEX { ifIndex }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigTable 1 }

PktcSigEndPntConfigEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentId          SnmpAdminString,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentUdpPort     InetPortNumber,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigPartialDialTO       Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigCriticalDialTO      Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigBusyToneTO          Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigDialToneTO          Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigMessageWaitingTO    Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigOffHookWarnToneTO   Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigRingingTO           Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigRingBackTO          Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigReorderToneTO      Unsigned32,
    pktcSigEndPntConfigStutterDialToneTO  Unsigned32,
}

```

```

pktcSigEndPntConfigTSMax          Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1           Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2           Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1QEnable   TruthValue,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2QEnable   TruthValue,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMWD           Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigTdinit        Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigTdmin         Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigTdmax         Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigRtoMax        Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigRtoInit       Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigLongDurationKeepAlive Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigThist        Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigStatus        RowStatus,
pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingMaxRep Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingDelay Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddressType InetAddressType,
pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddress InetAddress,
pktcSigEndPntStatusError         INTEGER,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMinHookFlash Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMaxHookFlash Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialInterdigitTime Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinMakeTime Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxMakeTime Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinBreakTime Unsigned32,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxBreakTime Unsigned32
}

pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentId      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      SnmpAdminString(SIZE (3..255))
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains a string indicating the call agent
     name (e.g., ca@example.com). The call agent name, after
     the character '@', MUST be a fully qualified domain name
     (FQDN) and MUST have a corresponding pktcMtaDevCmsFqdn
     entry in the pktcMtaDevCmsTable. The object
     pktcMtaDevCmsFqdn is defined in the PacketCable MIBMTA
     Specification. For each particular endpoint, the MTA MUST
     use the current value of this object to communicate with
     the corresponding CMS. The MTA MUST update this object
     with the value of the 'Notified Entity' parameter of the
     NCS message. Because of the high importance of this object
     to the ability of the MTA to maintain reliable NCS
     communication with the CMS, it is highly recommended not
     to change this object's value using SNMP during normal
     operation."

```

```
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 1 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentUdpPort      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      InetPortNumber (1025..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This object contains the current value of the User
         Datagram Protocol (UDP) receive port on which the
         call agent will receive NCS from the endpoint.
         For each particular endpoint, the MTA MUST use the current
         value of this object to communicate with the corresponding
         CMS. The MTA MUST update this object with the value of the
         'Notified Entity' parameter of the NCS message. If the
         Notified Entity parameter does not contain a CallAgent
         port, the MTA MUST update this object with the default
         value of 2727. Because of the high importance of this
         object to the ability of the MTA to maintain reliable NCS
         communication with the CMS, it is highly recommended not
         to change this object's value using SNMP during normal
         operation."
    REFERENCE
        "PacketCable NCS Specification"
    DEFVAL    { 2727 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 2 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigPartialDialTO      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
    UNITS      "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object contains the value of the partial dial
         time out.
         The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time a
         tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set
         to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the
         corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the
         definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or
         cadence."
    REFERENCE
        "PacketCable NCS Specification"
    DEFVAL { 16 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 3 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigCriticalDialTO      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
    UNITS      "seconds"
```

```
MAX-ACCESS    read-create
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "This object contains the value of the critical
     dial time out.
    The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time a
     tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set
     to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the
     corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the
     definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or
     cadence."
REFERENCE
    "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 4 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 4 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigBusyToneTO      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX        Unsigned32
UNITS         "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS    read-create
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains the default time out value for busy
     tone. The MTA MUST NOT update this object with the
     value provided in the NCS message (if present). If
     the value of the object is modified by the SNMP Management
     Station, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default only
     for a new signal requested by the NCS message.
    The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time
     a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is
     set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the
     corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the
     definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or
     cadence."
REFERENCE
    "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 30 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 5 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigDialToneTO      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX        Unsigned32
UNITS         "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS    read-create
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains the default time out value for dial
     tone. The MTA MUST NOT update this object with the
     value provided in the NCS message (if present). If
```

the value of the object is modified by the SNMP Management Station, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default only for a new signal requested by the NCS message.

The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or cadence."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 16 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 6 }

```
pktcSigEndPntConfigMessageWaitingTO      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32
UNITS      "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains the default time out value for message
     waiting indicator. The MTA MUST NOT update this object
     with the value provided in the NCS message (if
     present). If the value of the object is modified by the
     SNMP Manager application, the MTA MUST use the new value
     as a default only for a new signal requested by the NCS
     message.

    The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time
     a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is
     set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the
     corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the
     definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or
     cadence."
```

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 16 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 7 }

```
pktcSigEndPntConfigOffHookWarnToneTO      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32
UNITS      "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains the default time out value for the
     off-hook warning tone. The MTA MUST NOT update this object
     with the value provided in the NCS message (if present). If
     the value of the object is modified by the SNMP Manager
```

application, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default only for a new signal requested by the NCS message. The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or cadence."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 8 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigRingingTO OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "seconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This object contains the default time out value for ringing. The MTA MUST NOT update this object with the value provided in the NCS message (if present). If the value of the object is modified by the SNMP Management Station, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default only for a new signal requested by the NCS message. The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or cadence."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 180 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 9 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigRingBackTO OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "seconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

" This object contains the default time out value for ring back. The MTA MUST NOT update this object with the value provided in the NCS message (if present). If the value of the object is modified by the SNMP Management Station, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default only for a new signal requested by the NCS message. The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time

a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or cadence."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 180 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 10 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigReorderToneTO OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	Unsigned32
UNITS	"seconds"
MAX-ACCESS	read-create
STATUS	current

DESCRIPTION

" This object contains the default time out value for reorder tone. The MTA MUST NOT update this object with the value provided in the NCS message (if present). If the value of the object is modified by the SNMP Management Station, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default only for a new signal requested by the NCS message.

The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or cadence."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 30 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 11 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigStutterDialToneTO OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	Unsigned32
UNITS	"seconds"
MAX-ACCESS	read-create
STATUS	current

DESCRIPTION

" This object contains the default time out value for stutter dial tone. The MTA MUST NOT update this object with the value provided in the NCS message (if present). If the value of the object is modified by the SNMP Management Station, the MTA MUST use the new value as a default only for a new signal requested by the NCS message.

The time out (TO) elements are intended to limit the time a tone or frequency is generated. When this MIB object is set to a value of '0', the MTA MUST NOT generate the

corresponding frequency or tone, regardless of the definitions pertaining to frequency, tone duration, or cadence."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 16 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 12 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigTSMax OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This MIB object is used as part of an NCS retransmission algorithm. Prior to any retransmission, the MTA must check to make sure that the time elapsed since the sending of the initial datagram does not exceed the value specified by this MIB object. If more than Tsmax time has elapsed, then the retransmissions MUST cease.

Refer to the MIB object pktcSigEndPntConfigThist for information on when the endpoint becomes disconnected."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 20 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 13 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object contains the suspicious error threshold for signaling messages. The pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1 object indicates the retransmission threshold at which the MTA MAY actively query the domain name server (DNS) in order to detect the possible change of call agent interfaces."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 5 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 14 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object contains the disconnect error threshold for signaling messages. The pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2 object indicates the retransmission threshold at which the MTA SHOULD contact the DNS one more time to see if any other interfaces to the call agent have become available."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 7 }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 15 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1QEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object enables/disables the Max1 domain name server (DNS) query operation when the pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1 threshold has been reached.

A value of true(1) indicates enabling, and a value of false(2) indicates disabling."

DEFVAL { true }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 16 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2QEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object enables/disables the Max2 domain name server (DNS) query operation when the pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2 threshold has been reached.

A value of true(1) indicates enabling, and a value of false(2) indicates disabling."

DEFVAL { true }

::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 17 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigMWD OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "seconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Maximum Waiting Delay (MWD) contains the maximum number of seconds an MTA waits, after powering on, before initiating the restart procedure with the call agent."

REFERENCE

"PacketCable NCS Specification"

DEFVAL { 600 }

```
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 18 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigTdinit      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
    UNITS      "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This MIB object represents the 'disconnected' initial
         waiting delay within the context of an MTA's 'disconnected
         procedure'. The 'disconnected procedure' is initiated when
         an endpoint becomes 'disconnected' while attempting to
         communicate with a call agent.

The 'disconnected timer' associated with the 'disconnected
Procedure' is initialized to a random value, uniformly
distributed between zero and the value contained in this
MIB object.

For more information on the usage of this timer, please
refer to the PacketCable NCS Specification."
REFERENCE
    "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 15 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 19 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigTdmin      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
    UNITS      "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-create
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This MIB object represents the 'disconnected' minimum
         waiting delay within the context of an MTA's
         'disconnected procedure', specifically when local user
         activity is detected.
        The 'disconnected procedure' is initiated when
         an endpoint becomes 'disconnected' while attempting to
         communicate with a call agent.
        For more information on the usage of this timer, please
         refer to the PacketCable NCS Specification."
REFERENCE
    "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 15 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 20 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigTdmax      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32
```

```
UNITS          "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS    read-create
STATUS         current
DESCRIPTION
  " This object contains the maximum number of seconds the MTA
  waits, after a disconnect, before initiating the
  disconnected procedure with the call agent.
  "
REFERENCE
  "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 600 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 21 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigRtoMax      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Unsigned32
UNITS           "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS      read-create
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
  "This object specifies the maximum number of seconds the MTA
  waits for a response to an NCS message before initiating
  a retransmission."
REFERENCE
  "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 4 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 22 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigRtoInit     OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Unsigned32
UNITS           "milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS      read-create
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
  " This object contains the initial number of seconds for the
  retransmission timer."
REFERENCE
  "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 200 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 23 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigLongDurationKeepAlive   OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          Unsigned32
UNITS           "minutes"
MAX-ACCESS      read-create
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
  " Specifies a time out value, in minutes, for sending long
  duration call notification messages."
```

```
REFERENCE
    "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 60 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 24 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigThist OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32
UNITS       "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " Time out period, in seconds, before no response is declared."
REFERENCE
    "PacketCable NCS Specification"
DEFVAL { 30 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 25 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigStatus      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains the Row Status associated with the
     pktcSigEndPntConfigTable. There are no restrictions or
     dependencies amidst the columnar objects before this
     row can be activated or for modifications of the
     columnar objects when this object is set to a
     value of 'active(1)."
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 26 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingMaxRep      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (0..10)
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains the default value of the maximum
     number of repetitions of the Call Waiting tone that the
     MTA will play from a single CMS request. The MTA MUST NOT
     update this object with the information provided in the
     NCS message (if present). If the value of the object is
     modified by the SNMP Manager application, the MTA MUST use
     the new value as a default only for a new signal
     requested by the NCS message."
DEFVAL    { 1 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 27 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingDelay      OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (1..100)
```

```

UNITS      "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS     current
DESCRIPTION
  " This object contains the delay between repetitions of the
  Call Waiting tone that the MTA will play from a single CMS
  request."
DEFVAL    { 10 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 28 }

pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX     InetAddressType
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS     current
DESCRIPTION
  " This object contains the type of Internet address contained
  in the MIB object 'pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddress'.

  Since pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddress is expected to
  contain an IP address, a value of dns(16) is disallowed.

 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 29 }

pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddress OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX     InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS     current
DESCRIPTION
  " This MIB object contains the chosen IP address of the CMS
  currently being used for the corresponding endpoint.

  The device determines the IP address by using DNS to
  resolve the IP address of the CMS from the FQDN stored in
  the MIB object 'pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentId'. The
  processes are outlined in the PacketCable NCS and Security
  specifications, and MUST be followed by the MTA.

  The IP address type contained in this MIB object is
  indicated by pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddressType.

REFERENCE
  "PacketCable NCS Specification;
   PacketCable Security specification, [PKT-SP-SEC]."
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 30 }

pktcSigEndPntStatusError OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
  operational (1),
  noSecurityAssociation (2),

```

```

        disconnected (3)
    }
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This object contains the error status for this interface.
    The operational status indicates that all operations
    necessary to put the line in service have occurred, and the
    CMS has acknowledged the Restart In Progress (RSIP)
    message successfully. If pktcMtaDevCmsIpsecCtrl is enabled
    for the associated call agent, the noSecurityAssociation
    status indicates that no Security Association (SA) yet
    exists for this endpoint. If pktcMtaDevCmsIpsecCtrl is
    disabled for the associated call agent, the
    noSecurityAssociation status is not applicable and should
    not be used by the MTA. The disconnected status indicates
    one of the following two:
    If pktcMtaDevCmsIpsecCtrl is disabled, then no security
    association is involved with this endpoint. The NCS
    signaling software is in process of establishing the NCS
    signaling link via an RSIP exchange.
    Otherwise, when pktcMtaDevCmsIpsecCtrl is enabled,
    security Association has been established, and the NCS
    signaling software is in process of establishing the NCS
    signaling link via an RSIP exchange."
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 31 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigMinHookFlash   OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (20..1550)
UNITS      "Milliseconds"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    " This is the minimum time a line needs to be on-hook for a
    valid hook flash. The value of this object MUST be
    greater than the value of
    pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxBreakTime. The value of
    pktcSigEndPntConfigMinHookFlash MUST be less than
    pktcSigEndPntConfigMaxHookFlash. This object MUST only be
    set via the MTA configuration during the provisioning
    process.
    Furthermore, given the possibility for the 'pulse dial'
    and 'hook flash' to overlap, the value of this object
    MUST be greater than the value contained by the MIB
    Object 'pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxMakeTime'. "
DEFVAL { 300 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 32 }

```

```
pktcSigEndPntConfigMaxHookFlash      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (20..1550)
    UNITS      "Milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This is the maximum time a line needs to be on-hook for a
         valid hook flash. The value of
         pktcSigEndPntConfigMaxHookFlash MUST be greater than
         pktcSigEndPntConfigMinHookFlash. This object MUST only be
         set via the MTA configuration during the provisioning
         process."
    DEFVAL { 800 }
    ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 33 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialInterdigitTime      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (100..1500)
    UNITS      "Milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This is the pulse dial inter-digit time out. This object
         MUST only be set via the MTA configuration during the
         provisioning process."
    DEFVAL { 100 }
    ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 34 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinMakeTime      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (20..200)
    UNITS      "Milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This is the minimum make pulse width for the dial pulse.
         The value of pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinMakeTime MUST
         be less than pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxMakeTime. This
         object MUST only be set via the MTA configuration during
         the provisioning process."
    DEFVAL { 25 }
    ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 35 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxMakeTime      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (20..200)
    UNITS      "Milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This is the maximum make pulse width for the dial pulse.
```

The value of `pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxMakeTime` MUST be greater than `pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinMakeTime`. This object MUST only be provided via the configuration file during the provisioning process. Furthermore, given the possibility for the 'pulse dial' and 'hook flash' to overlap, the value of this object MUST be less than the value contained by the MIB object `pktcSigEndPntConfigMinHookFlash`.

```

DEFVAL { 55 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 36 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinBreakTime      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (20..200)
    UNITS      "Milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This is the minimum break pulse width for the dial pulse.
         The value of pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinBreakTime MUST
         be less than pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxBreakTime.
         This object must only be provided via the configuration
         file during the provisioning process."
DEFVAL { 45 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 37 }

pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxBreakTime      OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32 (20..200)
    UNITS      "Milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        " This is the maximum break pulse width for the dial pulse.
         The value of pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxBreakTime MUST
         be greater than pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinBreakTime.
         This object MUST only be provided via the configuration
         file during the provisioning process."
DEFVAL { 75 }
 ::= { pktcSigEndPntConfigEntry 38 }

--  

-- notification group is for future extension.  

--  

pktcSigNotification  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pktcIetfSigMib 0 }
pktcSigConformance  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pktcIetfSigMib 2 }
pktcSigCompliances   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pktcSigConformance 1 }
pktcSigGroups        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pktcSigConformance 2 }

--
```

```
-- compliance statements
--



pktcSigBasicCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        " The compliance statement for MTAs that implement
          NCS signaling."


MODULE -- pktcIetfSigMib

---
-- Unconditionally mandatory groups for all MTAs
---


MANDATORY-GROUPS {
    pktcSigDeviceGroup,
    pktcSigEndpointGroup
}
---
-- Conditionally mandatory groups for MTAs
---


GROUP pktcInternationalGroup
    DESCRIPTION
        " This group is mandatory only for MTAs implementing
          international telephony features."


GROUP pktcLLinePackageGroup
    DESCRIPTION
        " This group is mandatory only for MTAs implementing the L
          line package."


GROUP pktcELinePackageGroup
    DESCRIPTION
        " This group is mandatory only for MTAs implementing the E
          Line Package."
    ::= { pktcSigCompliances 1 }

pktcSigDeviceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        pktcSigDevCodecMax,
        pktcSigDevEchoCancellation,
        pktcSigDevSilenceSuppression,
        pktcSigDevR0Cadence,
        pktcSigDevR1Cadence,
        pktcSigDevR2Cadence,
        pktcSigDevR3Cadence,
```

```
pktcSigDevR4Cadence,
pktcSigDevR5Cadence,
pktcSigDevR6Cadence,
pktcSigDevR7Cadence,
pktcSigDevRgCadence,
pktcSigDevRsCadence,
pktcSigDefCallSigDscp,
pktcSigDefMediaStreamDscp,
pktcSigDevVmwiMode,
pktcSigCapabilityType,
pktcSigCapabilityVersion,
pktcSigCapabilityVendorExt,
pktcSigDefNcsReceiveUdpPort
}
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Group of MIB objects containing signaling configuration
     information that is applicable per-device."
::= { pktcSigGroups 1 }

pktcSigEndpointGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS {
pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentId,
pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentUdpPort,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPartialDialTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigCriticalDialTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigBusyToneTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigDialToneTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMessageWaitingTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigOffHookWarnToneTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigRingingTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigRingBackTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigReorderToneTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigStutterDialToneTO,
pktcSigEndPntConfigTSMAX,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax1QEnable,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMax2QEnable,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMWD,
pktcSigEndPntConfigTdinit,
pktcSigEndPntConfigTdmin,
pktcSigEndPntConfigTdmax,
pktcSigEndPntConfigRtoMax,
pktcSigEndPntConfigRtoInit,
pktcSigEndPntConfigLongDurationKeepAlive,
pktcSigEndPntConfigThist,
pktcSigEndPntConfigStatus,
```

```
pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingMaxRep,
pktcSigEndPntConfigCallWaitingDelay,
pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddressType,
pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddress,
pktcSigEndPntStatusError
}
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Group of MIB objects containing signaling configuration
     information that is applicable per-endpoint."
 ::= { pktcSigGroups 2 }

pktcInternationalGroup      OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS {
pktcSigEndPntConfigMinHookFlash,
pktcSigEndPntConfigMaxHookFlash,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialInterdigitTime,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinMakeTime,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxMakeTime,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMinBreakTime,
pktcSigEndPntConfigPulseDialMaxBreakTime,
pktcSigDevRingCadence,
pktcSigDevCidSigProtocol,
pktcSigDevCidDelayAfterLR,
pktcSigDevCidDtmfStartCode,
pktcSigDevCidDtmfEndCode,
pktcSigDevVmwiSigProtocol,
pktcSigDevVmwiDelayAfterLR,
pktcSigDevVmwiDtmfStartCode,
pktcSigDevVmwiDtmfEndCode,
pktcSigDevrpAsDtsDuration,
pktcSigDevCidMode,
pktcSigDevCidAfterRing,
pktcSigDevCidAfterDTAS,
pktcSigDevCidAfterRPAS,
pktcSigDevRingAfterCID,
pktcSigDevCidDTASAFTERLR,
pktcSigDevVmwiMode,
pktcSigDevVmwiAfterDTAS,
pktcSigDevVmwiAfterRPAS,
pktcSigDevVmwiDTASAFTERLR,
pktcSigPowerRingFrequency,
pktcSigPulseSignalFrequency,
pktcSigPulseSignalDbLevel,
pktcSigPulseSignalDuration,
pktcSigPulseSignalPulseInterval,
pktcSigPulseSignalRepeatCount,
pktcSigDevToneDbLevel,
```

```
pktcSigDevToneFreqCounter,
pktcSigDevToneWholeToneRepeatCount,
pktcSigDevToneSteady,
pktcSigDevToneFirstFreqValue,
pktcSigDevToneSecondFreqValue,
pktcSigDevToneThirdFreqValue,
pktcSigDevToneFourthFreqValue,
pktcSigDevToneFreqMode,
pktcSigDevToneFreqAmpModePrtg,
pktcSigDevToneFreqOnDuration,
pktcSigDevToneFreqOffDuration,
pktcSigDevToneFreqRepeatCount
}
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    " Group of objects that extend the behavior of existing
     objects to support operations in the widest possible set
     of international marketplaces. Note that many of these
     objects represent a superset of behaviors described in
     other objects within this MIB module."
::= { pktcSigGroups 3 }

pktcLLinePackageGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS {
pktcSigDevR0Cadence,
pktcSigDevR1Cadence,
pktcSigDevR2Cadence,
pktcSigDevR3Cadence,
pktcSigDevR4Cadence,
pktcSigDevR5Cadence,
pktcSigDevR6Cadence,
pktcSigDevR7Cadence,
pktcSigDevRgCadence,
pktcSigDevRsCadence
}
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Group of Objects to support the L line package."
::= { pktcSigGroups 4 }

pktcELinePackageGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS {
pktcSigDevR0Cadence,
pktcSigDevR1Cadence,
pktcSigDevR2Cadence,
pktcSigDevR3Cadence,
pktcSigDevR4Cadence,
pktcSigDevR5Cadence,
```

```
pktcSigDevR6Cadence,
pktcSigDevR7Cadence,
pktcSigDevRgCadence,
pktcSigDevRsCadence,
pktcSigPulseSignalFrequency,
pktcSigPulseSignalDbLevel,
pktcSigPulseSignalDuration,
pktcSigPulseSignalPulseInterval,
pktcSigPulseSignalRepeatCount,
pktcSigDevRingCadence
}
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Group of Objects to support the E line package."
::= { pktcSigGroups 5 }

END
```

6. Examples

This section provides a couple of examples, specifically related to the MIB tables `pktcSigDevToneTable` and `pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable`.

Example A: Call Waiting Tone Defined per [ITU-T E.180]:

- 1) 400 Hz AM modulated by 16 Hz, on for 500ms at -4 dBm
- 2) 400 Hz AM modulated by 16 Hz, off for 400ms
- 3) 400 Hz not AM modulated, on for 50 ms at -4 dBm
- 4) 400 Hz not AM modulated, off for 450 ms
- 5) 400 Hz not AM modulated, on for 50 ms at -4 dBm
- 6) 400 Hz not AM modulated, off for 3450 ms
- 7) 400 Hz not AM modulated, on for 50 ms at -4 dBm
- 8) 400 Hz not AM modulated, off for 450 ms
- 9) 400 Hz not AM modulated, on for 50 ms at -4 dBm
- 10) 400 Hz not AM modulated, off for 3450 ms
- 11) not repeated, not continuous

Assume userDefined1(18) is assigned to this tone:

```
pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable:
ToneType|F-1|F-2|F-3|F-4|F-Mode|ModePrtg|DbL|OnDur|OffDur|Rep-Count
=====
18      400  16   0   0     1     90    -40   500   400   0
18      400  0    0   0     2     0     -40   50    450   0
18      400  0    0   0     2     0     -40   50   3450   0
18      400  0    0   0     2     0     -40   50    450   0
18      400  0    0   0     2     0     -40   50   3450   0
```

```
pktcSigDevToneTable:
ToneType|ToneFreqGroup|ToneFreqCounter|ToneRep-Count|Steady
=====
18          1           5           0       false(2)
```

The single row of the pktcSigDevToneTable defines one multi-frequency group of five rows (ToneFreqCounter) defined in the pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable and instructs the MTA to play this group only once (non-repeatable as ToneRep-Count equals 0).

Example B - Congestion Tone - congestion(17):

Note: This example of an embedded cadence is based on an operator variation.

- 1) 400Hz on for 400ms -10 dBm
- 2) 400Hz off for 350ms
- 3) 400Hz on for 225ms -4 dBm
- 4) 400Hz off for 525ms
- 5) repeat (1) through (4) 5000 times or T0 time out (whichever is the shortest period)

```
pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable:
ToneType|F-1|F-2|F-3|F-4|F-Mode|ModePrtg|DbL|OnDur|OffDur|Rep-Count
=====
17      400  0    0   0     2     0    -100   400   350   0
17      400  0    0   0     2     0     -40   225   525   0
```

```
pktcSigDevToneTable:
ToneType|ToneFreqGroup|ToneFreqCounter|ToneRep-Count|Steady
=====
17          1           2           5000      false(2)
```

Example C - Call Waiting Tone - callWaiting1(9):

- 1) 16 Hz is modulated to carry the 400 Hz signal, ModulationRate within 85%, on for 500msec, at -25 dBm or more but less than -14 dBm
- 2) 16 Hz is modulated to carry the 400 Hz signal, off for 0 ~ 4 secs
- 3) 400 Hz not modulated, on for 50 ms at -25 dBm or more but less than -14 dBm
- 4) 400 Hz not modulated, off for 450ms
- 5) 400 Hz not modulated, on for 50 ms at -25 dBm or more but less than -14 dBm
- 6) 400 Hz not modulated, off for 3450ms ([4000 - (50+450+50)])
- 7) Steps 3 thru 6 are repeated

pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable:

ToneType	F-1	F-2	F-3	F-4	F-Mode	ModePrtg	DbL	OnDur	OffDur	Rep-Count
9	1	400	16	0	0	1	85	-25	500	1000
9	2	400	0	0	0	2	0	-25	50	450
9	3	400	0	0	0	2	0	-25	50	3450

pktcSigDevToneTable:

ToneType	ToneFreqGroup	ToneFreqCounter	ToneRep-Count	Steady
9	1	1	0	false(2)
9	2	2	1	false(2)

The first row of the pktcSigDevToneTable table instructs the MTA to play one row (ToneFreqCounter) of the pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable table only once (non-repeatable as ToneRep-Count equals 0). The second row of the pktcSigDevToneTable table instructs the MTA to play the next two rows (ToneFreqCounter) of the pktcSigDevMultiFreqToneTable table and make this frequency group repeatable (ToneRep-Count is not 0).

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8. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

The following Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) and mask objects are used to differentiate between various types of traffic in the service provider network:

```
pktcSigDefCallSigDscp  
pktcSigDefMediaStreamDscp
```

These objects may contain information that may be sensitive from a business perspective. For example, they may represent a customer's service contract that a service provider chooses to apply to a customer's ingress or egress traffic. If these objects are SET maliciously, it may permit unmarked or inappropriately marked signaling and media traffic to enter the service provider network, resulting in unauthorized levels of service for customers.

The following objects determine ring cadence, repeatable characteristics, signal duration, and caller id subscriber line protocol for telephony operation:

```
pktcSigDevR0Cadence  
pktcSigDevR1Cadence  
pktcSigDevR2Cadence  
pktcSigDevR3Cadence  
pktcSigDevR4Cadence  
pktcSigDevR5Cadence  
pktcSigDevR6Cadence  
pktcSigDevR7Cadence  
pktcSigDevRgCadence  
pktcSigDevRsCadence  
pktcSigDevCidSigProtocol  
pktcSigDevVmwiSigProtocol  
pktcSigPulseSignalDuration  
pktcSigPulseSignalPauseDuration
```

If these objects are SET maliciously, it may result in unwanted operation, or a failure to obtain telephony service from client (MTA) devices.

The objects in the pktcSigEndPntConfigTable are used for endpoint signaling. The pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentId object contains the name of the call agent, which includes the call agent Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN). If this object is SET maliciously, the MTA will not be able to communicate with the call agent, resulting in a disruption of telephony service. The pktcSigEndPntConfigCallAgentUdpPort object identifies the UDP port for NCS traffic. If this object is SET maliciously, the call agent will not receive NCS traffic from the MTA, also resulting in a disruption of telephony service.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. The most sensitive is pktcSigEndPntStatusCallIpAddress within pktcSigEndPntConfigTable. This information itself may be valuable to would-be attackers. Other MIB Objects of similar sensitivity include pktcSigEndPntStatusError, which can provide useful information to MTA impersonators, and pktcSigDevCodecMax, which can provide useful information for planning Denial of Service (DoS) attacks on MTAs.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

9. IANA Considerations

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER value recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor	OBJECT IDENTIFIER Value
pktcIetfSigMib	{ mib-2 169 }

10. References

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[ETSI-TS-101-909-9]

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[ETSI-TR-101-183]

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