Network Working Group Request for Comments: 2286 Category: Informational J. Kapp Reaper Technologies February 1998

Test Cases for HMAC-RIPEMD160 and HMAC-RIPEMD128

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#### Abstract

This document provides two sets of test cases for HMAC-RIPEMD160 and HMAC-RIPEMD128, respectively. HMAC-RIPEMD160 and HMAC-RIPEMD128 are two constructs of the HMAC [HMAC] message authentication function using the RIPEMD-160 and RIPEMD-128 [RIPE] hash functions. The test cases and results provided in this document are meant to be used as a conformance test for HMAC-RIPEMD160 and HMAC-RIPEMD128 implementations.

#### 1. Introduction

The general method for constructing a HMAC message authentication function using a particular hash function is described in section 2 of [HMAC].

In sections 2 and 3 test cases for HMAC-RIPEMD160 and HMAC-RIPEMD128, respectively are provided. Each case includes the key, the data, and the result. The values of keys and data are either hexadecimal numbers (prefixed by "0x") or ASCII character strings in double quotes. If a value is an ASCII character string, then the HMAC computation for the corresponding test case DOES NOT include the trailing null character (' $\0$ ') in the string.

The C source code of the functions used to generate HMAC-RIPEMD160 and HMAC-RIPEMD128 results is listed in the Appendix. Please Note that the functions provided are implemented in such a way as to be simple and easy to understand as a result they are not optimized in any way. The C source code for computing HMAC-MD5 can be found in [MD5].

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# 2. Test Cases for HMAC-RIPEMD160

test_case = key = key_len = data = data_len = digest =	1 0x0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0b0
test_case = key = key_len = data = data_len = digest =	2 "Jefe" 4 "what do ya want for nothing?" 28 0xdda6c0213a485a9e24f4742064a7f033b43c4069
test_case = key = key_len = data = data_len = digest =	3 Oxaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
test_case = key = key_len = data = data_len = digest =	4 0x0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f10111213141516171819 25 0xcd repeated 50 times 50 0xd5ca862f4d21d5e610e18b4cf1beb97a4365ecf4
<pre>test_case = key = key_len = data = data_len = digest = digest-96 =</pre>	5 0x0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0
<pre>test_case = key = key_len = data = data_len = digest =</pre>	6 Oxaa repeated 80 times 80 "Test Using Larger Than Block-Size Key - Hash Key First" 54 Ox6466ca07ac5eac29e1bd523e5ada7605b791fd8b
test_case = key =	7 Oxaa repeated 80 times

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RFC 2286 Test Cases: HMAC-RIPEMD160, HMAC-RIPEMD128 February 1998 key\_len = 80 data = "Test Using Larger Than Block-Size Key and Larger Than One Block-Size Data" data\_len = 73 0x69ea60798d71616cce5fd0871e23754cd75d5a0a digest = 3. Test Cases for HMAC-RIPEMD128 test\_case = 1 key = key\_len = 16 "Hi There" data = data\_len = 8 0xfbf61f9492aa4bbf81c172e84e0734db digest = test\_case = 2 "Jefe" key = key\_len = 4 "what do ya want for nothing?" data = data\_len = 28 0x875f828862b6b334b427c55f9f7ff09b digest = test\_case = 3 key = key\_len = 16 data = 0xdd repeated 50 times data\_len = 50 digest = 0x09f0b2846d2f543da363cbec8d62a38d 4 test\_case = 0x0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f10111213141516171819 key = key\_len = 25 data = 0xcd repeated 50 times data\_len = 50 0xbdbbd7cf03e44b5aa60af815be4d2294 digest = 5 test\_case = 0x0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c key = key\_len = 16 "Test With Truncation" data = data\_len = 20 0xe79808f24b25fd031c155f0d551d9a3a digest = digest-96 = 0xe79808f24b25fd031c155f0d test\_case = б key = 0xaa repeated 80 times key\_len = 80 data = "Test Using Larger Than Block-Size Key - Hash Key

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data_len = digest =	First" 54 0xdc732928de98104a1f59d373c150acbb
test_case = key = key_len = data =	7 Oxaa repeated 80 times 80 "Test Using Larger Than Block-Size Key and Larger
data_len = digest =	Than One Block-Size Data" 73 0x5c6bec96793e16d40690c237635f30c5

## 4. Security Considerations

This document raises no security issues. Discussion on the strength of the HMAC construction can be found in [HMAC].

## References

[HMAC]	Krawczyk, H., Bellare, M., and R. Canetti, "HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication", RFC 2104, February 1997.
[MD5]	Rivest, R., "The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1321, April 1992.
[OG]	Oehler, M., and R. Glenn, "HMAC-MD5 IP Authentication with Replay Prevention", RFC 2085, February 1997
[CG]	Chang, S., and R. Glenn, "Test Cases for HMAC-MD5 and HMAC-SHA-1", RFC 2202, September 1997.
[RIPE]	Dobbertin, H., Bosselaers A., and Preneel, B. "RIPEMD-160: A Strengthened Version of RIPEMD" April 1996

Author's Address

Justin S. Kapp Reaper Technologies The Post Office, Dunsop Bridge Clitheroe, Lancashire. BB7 3BB. United Kingdom

EMail: skapp@reapertech.com

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#### Appendix

This code which implements HMAC-RIPEMD160 using an existing RIPEMD-160 library. It assumes that the RIPEMD-160 library has similar API's as those of the MD5 code described in RFC 1321. The code for HMAC-MD5, is similar, this HMAC-MD5 code is also listed in RFC 2104. To adapt this example to produce the HMAC-RIPEMD128 then replace each occurance of 'RMD160' with 'RMD128'. #ifndef RMD160 DIGESTSIZE #define RMD160\_DIGESTSIZE 20 #endif #ifndef RMD128\_DIGESTSIZE #define RMD128\_DIGESTSIZE 16 #endif /\* HMAC\_RMD160 implements HMAC-RIPEMD160 \*/ void HMAC\_RMD160(input, len, key, keylen, digest) unsigned char \*input; /\* pointer to data stream \*/ int len; /\* length of data stream \*/ unsigned char \*key; /\* pointer to authentication key \*/ /\* length of authentication key \*/ int keylen; unsigned char \*digest; /\* resulting MAC digest \*/ { RMD160 CTX context; unsigned char k\_ipad[65]; /\* inner padding - key XORd with ipad \*/ unsigned char k\_opad[65]; /\* outer padding - key XORd with opad \*/ unsigned char tk[RMD160\_DIGESTSIZE]; int i; /\* if key is longer than 64 bytes reset it to key=SHA1(key) \*/ if (keylen > 64) { RMD160\_CTX tctx; RMD160Init(&tctx); RMD160Update(&tctx, key, keylen); RMD160Final(tk, &tctx); key = tk;keylen = RMD160\_DIGESTSIZE; } /\* The HMAC SHA1 transform looks like: RMD160(K XOR opad, RMD160(K XOR ipad, text))

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where K is an n byte key
      ipad is the byte 0x36 repeated 64 times
      opad is the byte 0x5c repeated 64 times
      and text is the data being protected */
    /* start out by storing key in pads */
memset(k_ipad, 0x36, sizeof(k_ipad));
memset(k_opad, 0x5c, sizeof(k_opad));
    /* XOR key with ipad and opad values */
for (i=0; i<keylen; i++) {</pre>
   k_ipad[i] ^= key[i];
   k_opad[i] ^= key[i];
}
   /* perform inner RIPEMD-160 */
RMD160Init(&context);
                             /* init context for 1st pass */
RMD160Update(&context, k_ipad, 64); /* start with inner pad */
RMD160Update(&context, input, len); /* then text of datagram */
RMD160Final(digest, &context);
                                 /* finish up 1st pass */
    /* perform outer RIPEMD-160 */
RMD160Update(&context, k_opad, 64); /* start with outer pad */
/* then results of 1st hash */
RMD160Update(&context, digest, RMD160_DIGESTSIZE);
RMD160Final(digest, &context); /* finish up 2nd pass */
memset(k_ipad, 0x00, sizeof(k_ipad));
memset(k_opad, 0x00, sizeof(k_opad));
```

}

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