



## Samba

- Samba is much more than a file server these days
  - AD Domain Controller (my particular interest)
  - Classic (NT4-like) domain controller
  - Domain Member
    - Including in support of other applications like squid, or desktop logon
  - Print server
  - Client library (libsmbclient, libnetapi)



## Samba is an old project

- Over 20 years old now
- Global contributor base
- Conservative
- Historically very portable
  - Unix was much more diverse 20 years ago
- Continuous development modal
  - HEAD/master/trunk
  - Current release branch



## Samba really needs testing:

- Samba is:
  - Very Large
  - Extremely portable
  - Extremely complex
- Testing a key part of Network protocol analysis:
  - Make Smbtorture run against windows
  - Then run smbtorture against Samba to ensure we match



## We always wanted to test

- But we did not always get around to it
- For many years we had trouble keeping the tree compiling!
- Increasing automation
  - Over 10 years
  - Ending up at automated enforcement
  - Moore's Law helped a lot



# The Challenge

- As a network server doing real TCP/IP
- And a file server using root to impersonate users
- We insisted on:
  - Non-root
  - Non-network
  - Non-destructive
  - Unattended and Secure Testing



# Faking it

- To meet our non-root requirement we have:
- Wrappers for
  - Sockets (socket\_wrapper)
  - NSS (nss\_wrapper)
  - system uid/gid (uid\_wrapper)
  - FS Extended Attributes (VFS module)
  - owner, group, mode (VFS module)
  - POSIX ACLS (VFS module)
- Yes, we sometimes find we are testing in an unreal world...



# The Journey

- Samba's build farm for compile testing
- Functionality testing on the build farm
- make test
- Complex test environments
- subunit
- autobuild
- enforced autobuild



## Automation has never been enough

- 'make' should always have passed on any developer workstation
  - Yet folks still broke the build
- For a decade now, it has been possible to run 'make test'
  - Yet releases were made with make test failing

#### S'AMBA

# I could not have introduced that failure!

- The optimistic programmer
- Once 'make test' starts to fail...
  - Start only looking for catastrophic failures
- Once 'make test' takes too long
  - Push after most of the tests have run
- Our 'make test' currently takes 90min



## The build farm isn't enough

- The build farm builds Samba on multiple platforms
- Typically donated cycles on hosted hardware
- Web page of output
- Reporting script e-mails 'guilty' developers
- Flaky tests
  - Developers started to ignore the mails
  - Little incentive to fix up after a commit is in



## **Build Farm**

**Build Farm Scripts** 

Cron job

python scripts parsing results create webpages

shell scripts build + test Database hosts + results

build.samba.org

Build Farm

ubuntu

solaris

hpux

fedora

freebsd

powerpc



### The rise of autobuild

- Started out of a team debate about code review
- Should the reviewer compile and test the code?
  - Even if that takes over an hour?
- What point is review if we don't even pass our own tests?
- Purchased a 24-core server
  - Hosted by SerNet in Germany
- Wrote autobuild.py

#### S'AMBA

# Samba does Not Invented Here Well

- Samba's CI system is simple but custom
- Python autobuild script
  - rebases git tree
  - Builds samba
  - Runs 'make test'
  - Installs samba
  - If successful, writes commits to git branch



## **Autobuild UI**

- git autobuild
  - In .gitconfig:[alias]autobuild = push autobuild +HEAD:master
- autobuild-tail.sh
  - On sn-devel server
  - shows output as the test runs
- Mail to developer on failure



#### Autobuild enforcement

- First a trial period
  - Written September 2010
  - Incentive was that you could not accidentally break the tree
- Then social enforcement
  - Team policy as of October 2010
  - Only one breach of the social rule
- Eventually enforced by GIT hooks
  - March 2011
- Every master commit since Jan 2011 has been via autobuild



### Autobuild hates me!

- Autobuild hates nobody
- But it can feel like it, if you run autobuild often
  - You may start running autobuild more often if you feel you have no chance to get a patch in
- Flaky tests may break your build
- Eventually marked in selftest/flapping



## Getting to autobuild

- Autobuild is just the final wrapper
- The real work in in 'make test'
  - Multiple test frameworks
  - In multiple languages
  - All speak subunit or are converted to subunit
  - A mix of integration and unit testing
  - Long-lasting test environments due to startup cost
  - Complex test environment interactions



## Many languages

```
make--
 python--sh-+-2*[python]
             |-sh--perl-+-perl-+-samba-+-13*[samba]
                                         `-samba--
2*[python]
                             `-sh--tee
                        `-sh-+-python
                             `-test samba tool--
python
             `-2*[tee]
```



#### ABI check

- Public Library published ABI (\*.sigs)
- Changes in Library
  - Check if existing symbol removed (major)
  - Check if existing symbol definition changed (major)
  - Check if new symbol added (minor)
- Build time check
  - Developer doesn't have to worry



## Dependency checks

- Duplicate Symbol Check
  - If any binary has two libraries which define the same symbol
  - Or define a symbol used in system library
- Circular Dependency Check
  - a depends on b, b depends on c, c depends on a



## Two types of test

- Unit test
  - Tests standalone components
  - Easy to run
- Environment test
  - Needs samba server (environment) running
  - Socket wrappers to fake IP addresses
    - Difficult to set up and run manually
    - How to debug environment tests?



#### Test framework

- Perl-based test environment builder and test runner
- Testtools
  - Python unit testing framework
- Subunit
  - Streaming protocol for test results
  - C / C++ / Python / Perl / Shell
- Samba extension
  - subunit extension to arrange tests in suites
    - 9000+ tests arranged as 1298 testsuites



# Writing tests (Python)

```
For env in [ "fl2000dc", "fl2003dc" ]:
   plantestsuite( "samba4.ldap_schema.python(%s)" % env,
                  env.
                  "python dsdb/tests/python/ldap_schema.py $SERVER
                      -U$USERNAME%$PASSWORD --workgroup=$DOMAIN"
-- TEST --
samba4.ldap schema.python(fl2000dc)
fl2000dc
python dsdb/tests/python/ldap schema.py $SERVER -U"$USERNAME%$PASSWORD"
--workgroup=$DOMAIN 2>&1
   selftest/filter-subunit --fail-on-empty --prefix="samba4.ldap schema.python(fl2000dc)."
-- TFST --
samba4.ldap schema.python(fl2003dc)
fl2003dc
python dsdb/tests/python/ldap schema.py $SERVER -U"$USERNAME%$PASSWORD"
--workgroup=$DOMAIN 2>&1
    selftest/filter-subunit --fail-on-empty --prefix="samba4.ldap schema.python(fl2003dc)."
```



# Writing tests (Shell)

```
plantestsuite("samba4.blackbox.samba tool(dc:local)",
          "dc:local".
          "utils/tests/test samba tool.sh '$SERVER' '$SERVER IP'
                  '$USERNAME' '$PASSWORD' '$DOMAIN' " )
  testit "Test login with --machine-pass without kerberos" $VALGRIND $smbclient -c 'ls'
       $CONFIGURATION //$SERVER/tmp --machine-pass -k no
testit "Test login with --machine-pass and kerberos" $VALGRIND $smbclient -c 'ls'
       $CONFIGURATION //$SERVER/tmp --machine-pass -k yes
testit "time" $VALGRIND $samba_tool time $SERVER $CONFIGURATION
       -W "$DOMAIN" -U"$USERNAME%$PASSWORD" $@
testit "domain level.show" $VALGRIND $samba tool domain level show
testit "domain info" $VALGRIND $samba tool domain info $SERVER IP
```



## Test environment debugging

- Vital to be able to debug a test as if the test was running
- How to set up an environment?
  - waf --testenv [SELFTEST\_TESTENV=fl2003dc]
    - launches xterm (client)
- How to debug samba server?
  - waf --testenv --gdbtest
    - launches two xterms (gdb attached to server + client)
- What if debugging on a remote machine without X
  - waf --testenv --screen (shell script wrapper)
    - Use screen program to start multiple sessions (environment + client)



# Wintest: The holy grail?

- Automated testing against Windows
- Uses VM snapshots
- Runs really as root
- Binds to real ports
- Does things like a windows domain join, join
   Samba as a DC to a windows domain



## Wintest: The good and the bad

#### Sadly:

- Difficult to set up and unreliable
- Took a lot of effort to create
- Never really taken up by the rest of the team (only 4 users ever worldwide)

#### • Thankfully:

- Still saved our bacon on Samba 4.0
- A late patch broke domain joins from Windows